San Mateo County Transportation Authority

San Carlos, California







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014





Transportation Authority

San Carlos, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by the Finance Division



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Section I

INTRODUCTORY

Letter of Transmittal

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

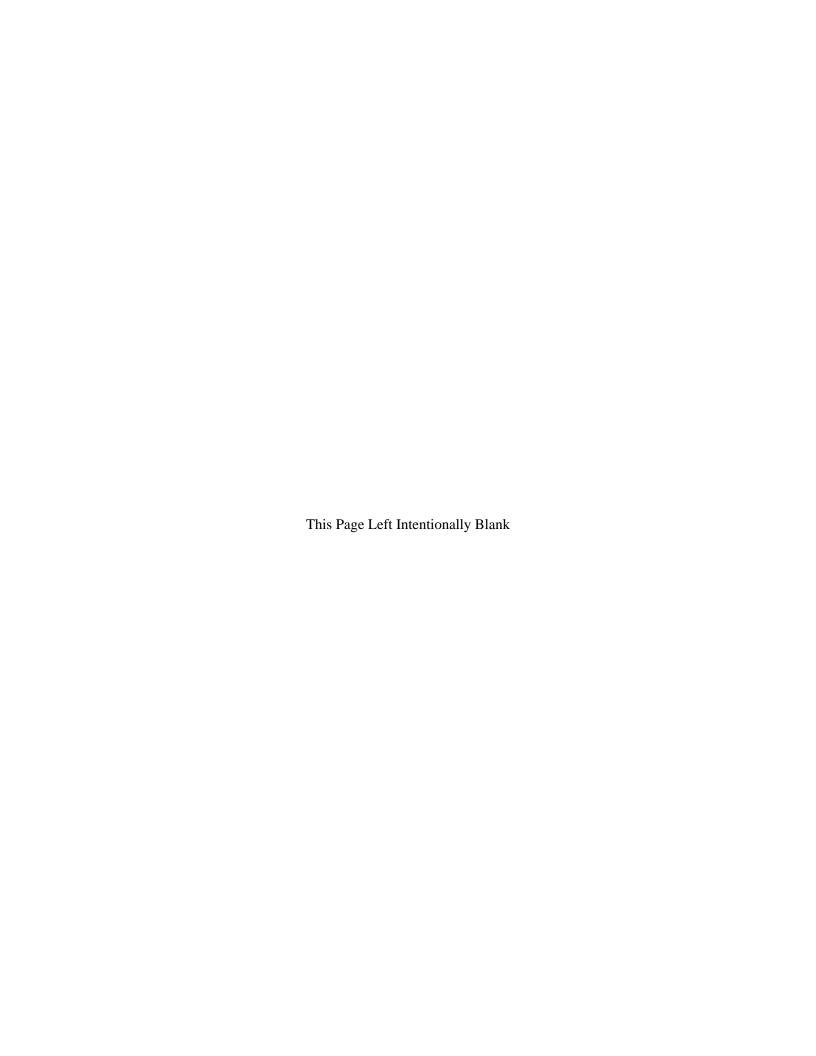
Board of Directors

Executive Management

Organization Chart

Map

Table of Credits





December 15, 2014

To the Executive Director, Board of Directors of the San Mateo County Transportation Authority, and the Citizens of San Mateo County

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2014

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the San Mateo County Transportation Authority (TA) for fiscal year July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. This transmittal letter includes the formal transmittal of the CAFR, a profile of the TA, information useful in assessing the government's economic condition and awards and acknowledgements. Readers desiring an analytical overview of the basic financial statements or TA's financial activities may refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Financial Section.

Management assumes sole responsibility for the information contained in this report, including its presentation and the adequacy of its disclosures. To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and reliable in all material respects. To provide a reasonable basis for making this representation, we have established a comprehensive system of internal controls designed to protect the TA's assets from loss, to identify and record transactions accurately and to compile the information necessary to produce financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the likely benefits, the TA's internal control system intends to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

To test the performance of the internal control system, the TA contracted for independent auditing services from Maze & Associates, a certified public accounting firm licensed to practice in the State of California. The auditor expressed an opinion that the TA's financial statements are fairly stated and in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This conclusion is the most favorable kind and is commonly known as an "unqualified" or "clean" opinion.

PROFILE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Basic Information

San Mateo County, with a population of nearly 750,000, is located on a peninsula south of the City and County of San Francisco, bordered on the west by the Pacific Ocean, on the east by San Francisco Bay and on the south by the counties of Santa Clara and Santa Cruz. The voters of San Mateo County approved the creation of the TA pursuant to the Bay Area County Traffic and Transportation Funding Act in June 1988. This Measure A vote funded the TA with an annual one-half cent county sales tax levy and charged the TA with delivering a broad spectrum of transportation projects and programs pursuant to a Transportation Expenditure Plan over a period of 20 years. In November 2004, the voters reauthorized the TA and its publicly developed expenditure plan for an additional 25 years beyond the original expiration date of 2008. The 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan includes six program categories including:

- 1. Transit
- 2. Highways
- 3. Local Streets/Transportation
- 4. Grade Separations
- 5. Pedestrian and Bicycle
- 6. Alternative Congestion Relief Programs

Whenever possible, the TA seeks to attract state, federal and local funds by matching grant funds with Measure A dollars. These efforts have led to effective partnerships with city, county, state and federal agencies for designing and completing transportation projects. Thus, the TA will continue to fund vital transportation improvements to the benefit of San Mateo County residents through 2033.

Interested readers may view the 1988 and the 2004 Measure A Transportation Expenditure Plans online at http://www.smcta.com/about/Expenditure_Plans.html or by contacting:

Director, Transportation Authority Program San Mateo County Transportation Authority 1250 San Carlos Avenue P.O. Box 3006 San Carlos, California 94070-1306

Governance

A seven-member Board of Directors governs the TA with input from a 15-member Citizens Advisory Committee. The Board members are selected as follows:

- The publicly elected County Board of Supervisors appoints two of its members to serve on the Board.
- Local governments participate in a Cities Selection Committee to appoint four Board members, one each to represent the interests of North County, Central County, South County and the cities-atlarge.
- The San Mateo County Transit District (District) appoints one Board member.

The Board of Directors meets once a month to determine overall policy for the TA and to review the progress of the Transportation Expenditure Plans.

Administration

The District provides administrative and staff services under the direction and oversight of the TA Board of Directors. District staff manages the funds collected through the one-half cent county sales tax and delivers projects per the Transportation Expenditure Plans. The TA reimburses the District for the cost of its direct services charged to the TA cost centers and also for indirect charges pursuant to overhead rates approved by the U.S. Department of Transportation. Currently, District divisions and departments provide a complete and responsive team for all the TA activities as follows:

The *Office of the District Secretary* is responsible for directing and overseeing all activities and for providing support to the Board of Directors.

The *Finance and Administration Division* is responsible for financial accounting and reporting, capital budgeting, operational budgeting, payroll and vendor disbursements, investments and cash management, debt management, revenue control, purchasing, contract administration, risk management, information technology, security, safety and human resources.

The *Operations, Engineering and Construction Division* is responsible for SamTrans bus service, Caltrain rail service, employer and other shuttles, paratransit service pursuant to the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), service planning, quality assurance, capital project engineering and construction.

The *Office of Customer Service and Marketing* is responsible for fare media, customer service, marketing, sales, advertising, and distribution services.

The *Office of Caltrain Modernization* is responsible for guiding the planning and implementation of projects that will upgrade the performance, operating efficiency, capacity, safety and reliability of Caltrain's commuter rail.

The *Office of Planning and Development* is responsible for oversight of the Transportation Expenditure Plans, strategic planning and performance, grant administration, and property management.

The *Office of Public Affairs* is responsible for public information, media relations, legislative activities and community outreach.

Component Units

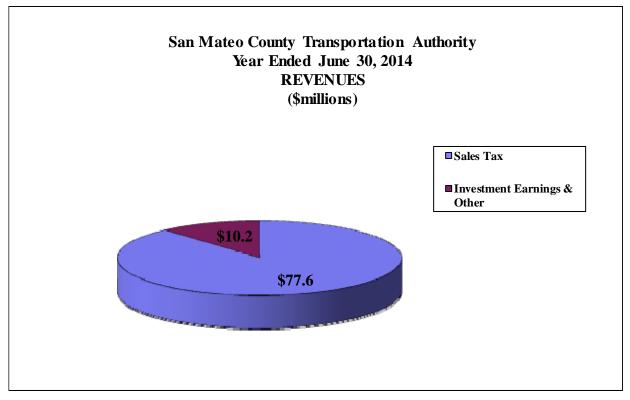
The TA is a legally separate and financially independent governmental agency that is not a component unit of the County of San Mateo, the San Mateo County Transit District (District) or any other entity. Therefore, this CAFR and the financial statements contained within represent solely the activities, transactions and status of the TA.

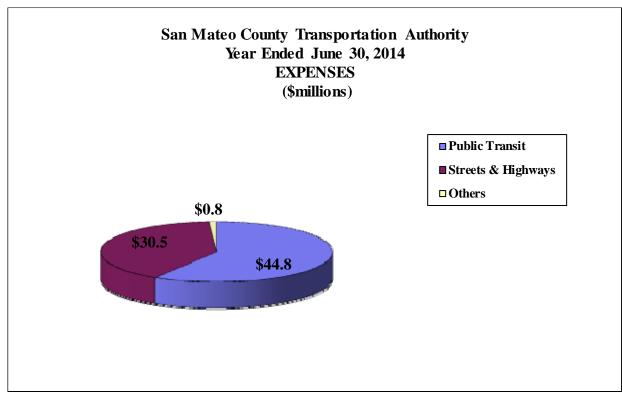
Budget

State law requires the TA to adopt an annual budget by resolution of the Board of Directors. In the spring preceding the start of each fiscal year, staff presents an annual budget for the Special Revenue governmental fund based on established agency goals, objectives and performance measures to the Board of Directors. The presentation may recommend using financial reserves to balance the budget where proposed expenditures exceed projected revenues. The Board of Directors monitors budget-to-actual performance through monthly staff reports. The Financial Section of this report includes supplemental schedules that compare actual results on a budgetary basis of accounting to the original and final adopted budgets.

Once adopted, the Board of Directors has the authority to amend the budget. While the legal level of budgetary control is at the entity level, the TA maintains more stringent control at division, departmental and line item levels to serve various needs. Cost center managers monitor budget-to-actual performance monthly on an accrual basis. The Board has delegated the authority to transfer budget amounts between divisions and departments to the Executive Director or his designee. However, any increase to the expenditure budget as a whole requires the approval of the Board. In addition, the TA uses the encumbrance system to reduce budget balances by issuing purchase orders to avoid over-commitment of resources.

The TA employs the same basis of controls and accounting principles for both budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures, except that actual proceeds from the sale of capital assets, unrealized investment gains and losses and inter-fund transfers are not included in the budget. The pie charts below show actual results for the major revenue and expense categories of fiscal year 2014. Pursuant to procedures established in its enabling legislation, the TA establishes an appropriation limit for each annual budget cycle. The appropriation limit for fiscal year 2014 was \$583.3 million and the limit for fiscal year 2015 is \$588.7 million.





ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local Economy

The State of California as well as the San Mateo County economy continues to show signs of recovery. San Mateo County's current unemployment rate of 4.1 percent has decreased from 5.4 percent as of June 2013. The County ranks #2 in the lowest unemployment rate by county in the state of California behind Marin County. The unemployment rate in California is currently at 7.1 percent; a decrease from 8.9 percent as of June 2013.

The upturn in the economy is reflected in the rising sales tax revenues. Lower unemployment coupled with increased consumer and business spending, has helped increase the TA's revenue base. The TA's major revenue source is dependent upon taxable sales activity in the county. Sales tax revenue increased 5.1 percent and 6.3 percent in FY 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Long-term Financial and Strategic Planning

The goal of the TA is to administer the proceeds from Measure A to fund a broad spectrum of projects and programs as approved by the San Mateo County voters. Long-term financial planning is crucial towards accomplishing this goal, and to ensure funds are expended in the most efficient and effective manner possible.

The reauthorization of Measure A with the 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan was placed before county voters in the November 2004 regular election. Voters passed the reauthorization measure by a 75.3 percent majority, extending the TA's mission through 2033. The implementation guidelines in the 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan required that the TA prepare a strategic plan by December 31, 2008, which readers can view online at www.smcta.com. The Strategic Plan was adopted December 4, 2008, and is intended to establish a framework of policies to guide the decision-making process of prioritizing transportation projects and programs consistent with the goals and objectives of the Countywide Transportation Plan and the 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan. TA staff made a special effort to solicit input from the public to develop two key components of the strategic plan: criteria for project evaluation and prioritization, and monitoring programs and performance measures that would be used to ensure efficient use of Measure A money. The TA currently has a number of calls for projects, in various stages, underway for several categories within the 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan. The Expenditure Plan requires that the Strategic plan be updated at least every five years. An updated Strategic Plan is scheduled to be adopted by the Board in December 2014 which will cover the timeframe from 2014 through 2019.

Significant strides have been made with the funds in both the original and now the new Measure A programs. Most notably, original Measure A revenues contributed to the Caltrain right of way purchase in 1991 and towards the purchase of the Dumbarton rail corridor. Both original and new Measure A provided funding for Caltrain operational improvements such as electrification, the construction of passing tracks and new signal and control systems to improve service reliability, as well as station and parking improvements in various cities within San Mateo County. To improve safety and reduce local traffic congestion, Measure A funds were allocated for the construction of grade separation projects, including the San Bruno Grade Separation. Additional expenditures funding highway improvements to enhance safety and reduce freeway congestion include the 101-Broadway interchange, auxiliary lanes and other improvements throughout the Highway 101 corridor and Highway 92, Highway 84, Highway 35, and Highway 1 improvements. On the local level, Measure A funds were passed to cities and the county for streets and road improvements. Investments have also been made to fund local shuttles, paratransit, and bicycle and pedestrian access improvements.

As of June 30, 2014, the TA had spent 78 percent and 53 percent of total sales tax revenues and other earnings received from the original Measure A and the new Measure A, respectively, on San Mateo County transportation improvements. Delivery of original Measure A funded projects continues beyond the expiration of the original Measure A Program on December 31, 2008, in keeping with the commitment to the voters who approved the original Measure A Program.

Major Initiatives

Transit Programs

Measure A funds and contributions from the District support the county's share of the Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board (JPB). The JPB provides public transit services via its Caltrain railroad over a 77-mile right of way extending from San Francisco in the north to Gilroy in the south. Projects funded include new construction and improvements and studies for the following:

- Railway and trackage
- Maintenance facility
- Passenger stations
- Parking facilities
- Grade crossings and separations
- Safety improvements
- Signal and communications upgrades

Notable projects supporting the JPB during fiscal year 2014 include:

- Construction of San Bruno Grade Separation Project
- Environmental and preliminary engineering for the Peninsula Corridor Electrification Project
- Preliminary engineering for the San Francisco Downtown Extension Project
- Provision of local match requirements for federally funded capital construction grants

Other notable public transit projects during fiscal year 2014 include:

- Contributions to SamTrans for paratransit and other accessible services
- Contributions to BART for the SFO Extension
- Contribution to local shuttles

Highway Program

On October 6, 2011, the Board adopted the Short-range Highway plan, a 10-year outlook which includes a policy framework for making investment decisions and developing a capital improvement plan over time. The call for projects process will be used to make short them funding decisions anchored to long term goals for the program. The following are some types of projects undertaken:

- Roadway widening
- Interchange reconstruction
- Highway ramp modification
- Travel pattern forecasts
- Travel time information system

Measure A funds support new construction, improvements and studies for a wide range of street and highway projects. The following are some types of projects undertaken:

- Roadway widening
- Interchange reconstruction
- Highway ramp modification
- Travel pattern forecasts
- Travel time information system

Notable street and highway projects during fiscal year 2014 include:

- Environmental studies for Route 1 Improvement Project, Fassler Avenue to Westport Drive in Pacifica.
- PS&E (Plan, Specifications and Estimate) design work for the 101/Broadway Interchange project.
- Construction of auxiliary lanes on Highway 101 from Marsh Road Interchange in San Mateo County to Embarcadero Road Interchange in Santa Clara County.
- Construction work for San Pedro Creek/Route 1 Bridge Replacement project in Pacifica.

Alternative Congestion Relief Programs

The TA funds alternative congestion relief (ACR) programs aimed at reducing vehicular traffic on congested freeways and busy city streets. These customized programs target both infrastructure problems and personal driving habits. ACR programs have an incremental but discernible impact on reducing traffic congestion and improving air quality in San Mateo County and the San Francisco Bay region.

For the past fifteen years, the TA has provided the majority of its ACR funding to the Peninsula Traffic Congestion Relief Alliance, which serves 17 cities. The Alliance concentrates on four primary activities:

- 1) Employer outreach and support services
- 2) Employer based shuttle program
- 3) Commuter outreach and transit alternatives
- 4) Partnerships with other agencies and special projects

Key initiatives in the Alliance's FY 2014-2015 work plan include: strategic plan update, Bay Area commuter benefits program, Commute Profile 2014 and innovative TDM grants.

Bicycle Programs

Three percent of New Measure A funds have been set aside for the Pedestrian and Bicycle Program. The purpose of the program is to fund specific projects to encourage and improve walking and bicycling conditions. The 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan includes a list of candidate bikeways and overcrossings. Funding considerations are made through a call for projects where project review committees evaluate applications and review the projects based on a set of criteria which were approved as part of the adoption of the Measure A Implementation Plan.

In December 2013, the TA issued a Pedestrian and Bicycle Call for Projects announcing the availability of up to \$5.4 million in funds for FY 2014 and FY 2015. Twenty-three applications were received from 15 jurisdictions and 10 applications were funded.

Local Programs

The original Measure A required the TA to earmark 20 percent of its sales tax revenue to local cities and San Mateo County for various transportation-related improvements according to a formula based on population and number of road-miles. The total local aid distributed from the original Measure A was \$203.3 million. The new Measure A requires the TA to earmark 22.5 percent for this purpose. During fiscal year 2014, local agencies received \$17.5 million from the new Measure A, bringing the total local aid since the inception of the new Measure A to \$83.2 million. The recipients of these funds principally use them for street and road projects.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The staff and contracted firms of the TA bring an effective combination of skill, experience and dedication to carrying out the TA's mission. Together, they plan, develop and finance the creation of a modern, coordinated multimodal transportation system offering convenient access to the many attributes of the Bay Area and beyond. Although we expect sales tax growth to be minimal in the coming years as we emerge from the recession, the TA expects the continued enthusiasm and dedication of its transit professionals to meet the transportation challenges of the future.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recognized the TA's fiscal year 2013 CAFR for excellence in financial reporting and the Certificate of Achievement appears immediately following this transmittal letter. To be awarded a certificate, a report must be easy to read and efficiently organized, while satisfying both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. We believe our fiscal year 2014 CAFR also meets the requirements for a Certificate of Achievement and have submitted it to the GFOA for evaluation. We would like to thank our independent audit firm, Maze & Associates, for its timely and expert guidance in this matter.

A comprehensive annual financial report requires the dedicated effort of many individuals working together as a team. We extend our grateful recognition to all the individuals who assisted in both the preparation of this report and the processing of financial transactions throughout the fiscal year. Finally, we wish to thank the Executive Director and the Board of Directors for their interest and support in the development and maintenance of a reliable financial management and reporting system.

Respectfully submitted,

Vingia Hargton

Virginia Harrington

Deputy CEO

Rima Lobo

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

San Mateo County

Transportation Authority, California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

KARYL MATSUMOTO, CHAIR
DAVID CANEPA, VICE CHAIR
CAROLE GROOM
ROSANNE FOUST
DON HORSLEY
TERRY NAGEL
NAOMI PATRIDGE

KARYL MATSUMOTO, CHAIR was elected to the TA in 2008 representing the San Mateo County Transit District. She was first elected to the South San Francisco City Council in 1997. She has served as mayor in 2000, 2004, 2009, and currently in 2014.

DAVID CANEPA, VICE CHAIR was elected to the TA in 2013 representing North County. He was first elected to the City Council of Daly City in December 2008 and currently serves as the city's mayor. In addition, Director Canepa has served on several San Mateo County regional boards dealing with transportation, housing, homelessness and infrastructure including City/County Association of Governments.

CAROLE GROOM was appointed to the TA in 2009 representing the Board of Supervisors. She has served as a member of the San Mateo County Board of Supervisors since 2009 and served as president in 2011. Prior to joining the Board of Supervisors, she served nine years on the San Mateo City Council, and two terms as mayor.

ROSANNE FOUST was elected to the TA in 2005 representing South County. She has served as a council member for Redwood City since 2003, has served as mayor, and is the current vice mayor. Director Foust is president and CEO of the San Mateo County Economic Development Association (SAMCEDA).

DON HORSLEY was appointed to the TA in 2011 representing the Board of Supervisors. He has served as a member of the San Mateo County Board of Supervisors since 2010. Prior to joining the Board of Supervisors, he served as the elected county sheriff for 14 years and was board president of the Sequoia Healthcare District.

TERRY NAGEL was elected to the TA in 2010 representing Central County. She was elected to the Burlingame City Council in 2003, has served two terms as mayor, and is the current vice mayor. Among other roles, Director Nagel is the Burlingame and TA representative on the City/County Association of Governments.

NAOMI PATRIDGE was elected to the TA in 2012 representing San Mateo County's cities at large. Director Patridge is serving a record 6th term on the Half Moon Bay City Council, and was previously a Half Moon Bay Parks & Recreation commissioner for 14 years. She also serves as the city's representative to the City/County Association of Governments and several other organizations.

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Michael J. Scanlon

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Virginia Harrington – Deputy CEO

C. H. (Chuck) Harvey - Deputy CEO

April Chan – Executive Officer, Planning and Development

Rita Haskin – Executive Officer, Customer Service and Marketing

Martha Martinez – Authority Secretary

Mark Simon – Executive Officer, Public Affairs

GENERAL COUNSEL

Hanson, Bridgett, Marcus, Vlahos & Rudy, LLP David J. Miller, Esq. Joan Cassman, Esq.

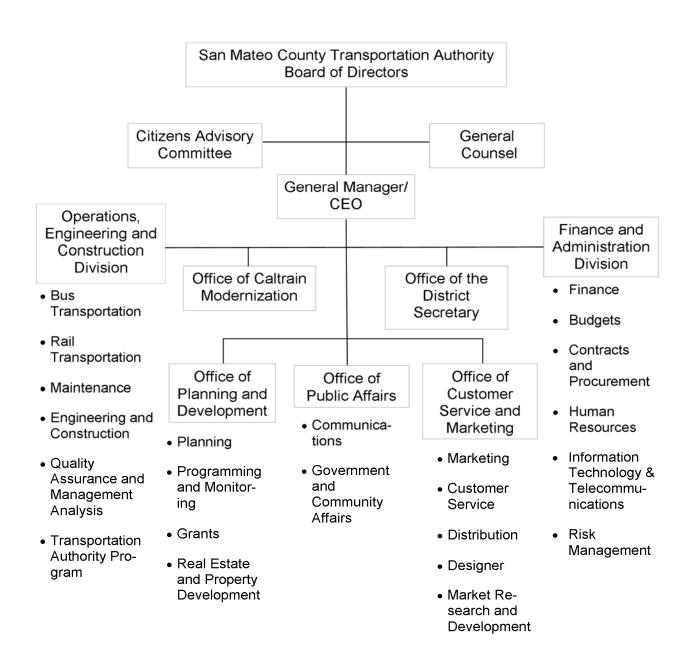




TABLE OF CREDITS

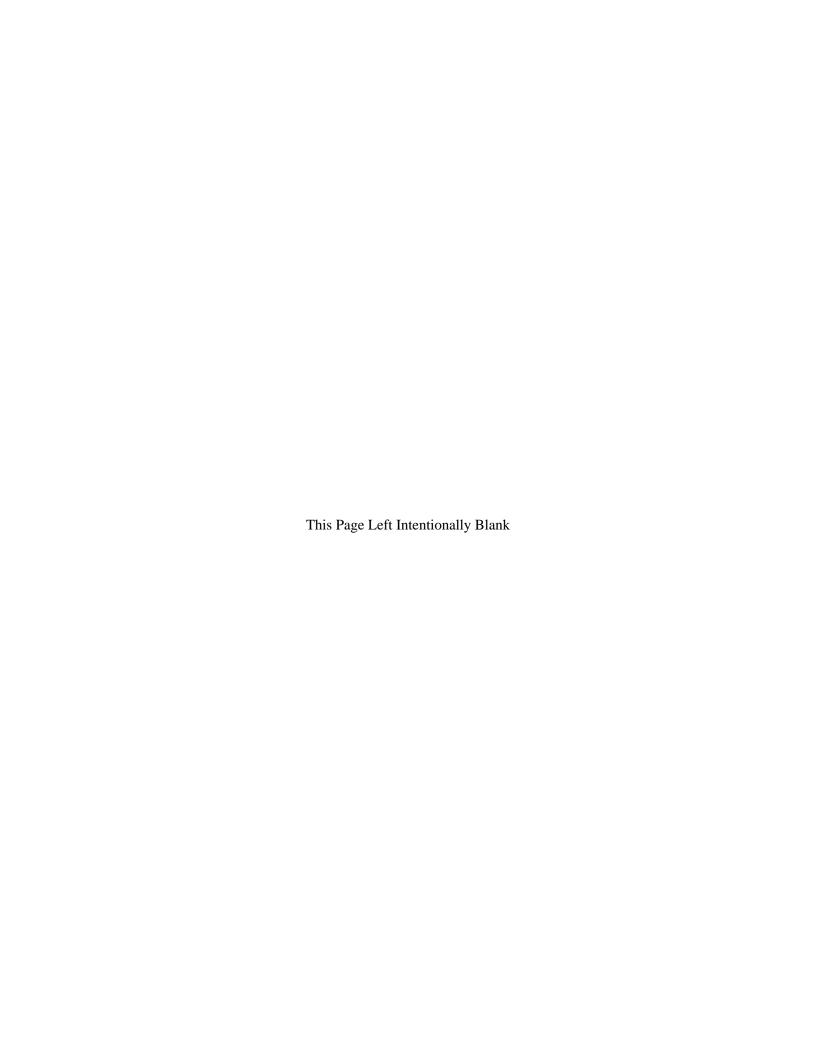
The following individuals contributed to the production of the Fiscal Year 2014 CAFR:

<u>Finance</u>: Manager, General Ledger Sheila Tioyao

Interim Manager, Treasury Kathryn Watson

Senior Budget Analyst Tamara Lewis

Audit Firm: Partner Vikki C. Rodriguez



Section II

FINANCIAL

Independent Auditor's Report

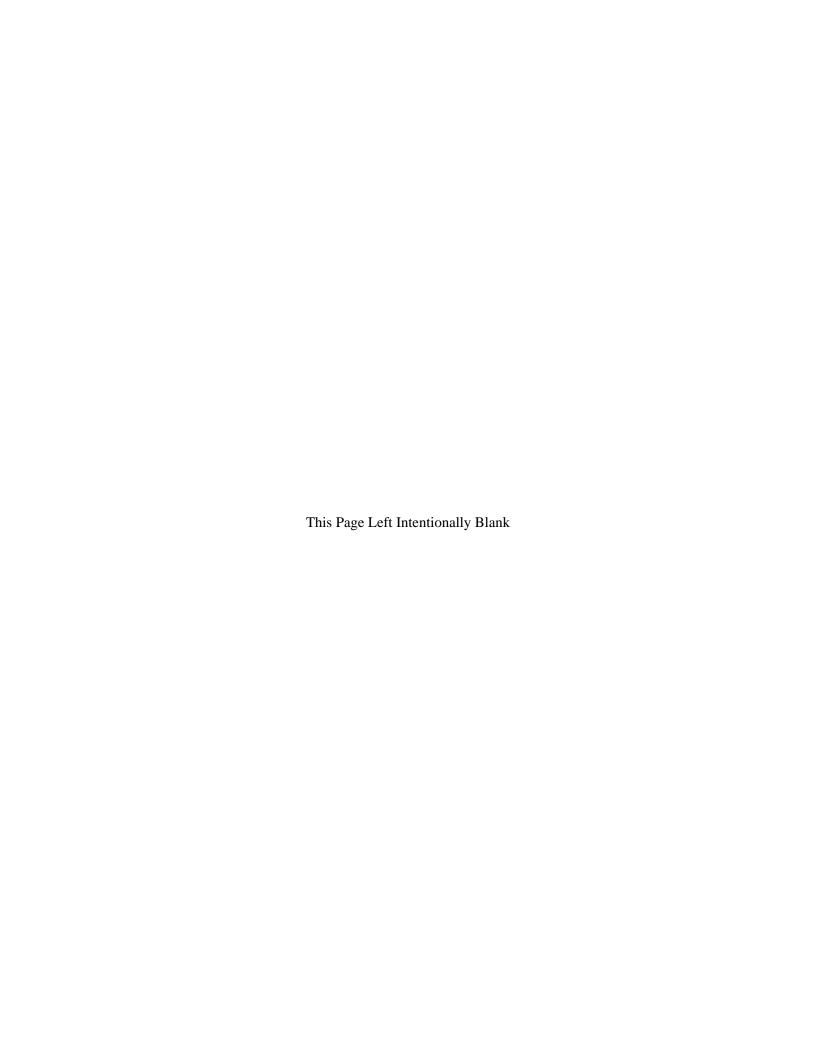
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements:

- Government-wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Other Supplemental Information





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the San Mateo County Transportation Authority San Carlos, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the San Mateo County Transportation Authority (TA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the TA's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the TA's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the TA's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund information of the TA as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in the financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison schedule be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to this information in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Mateo County Transportation Authority's financial statements as a whole. The Introductory and Statistical Sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

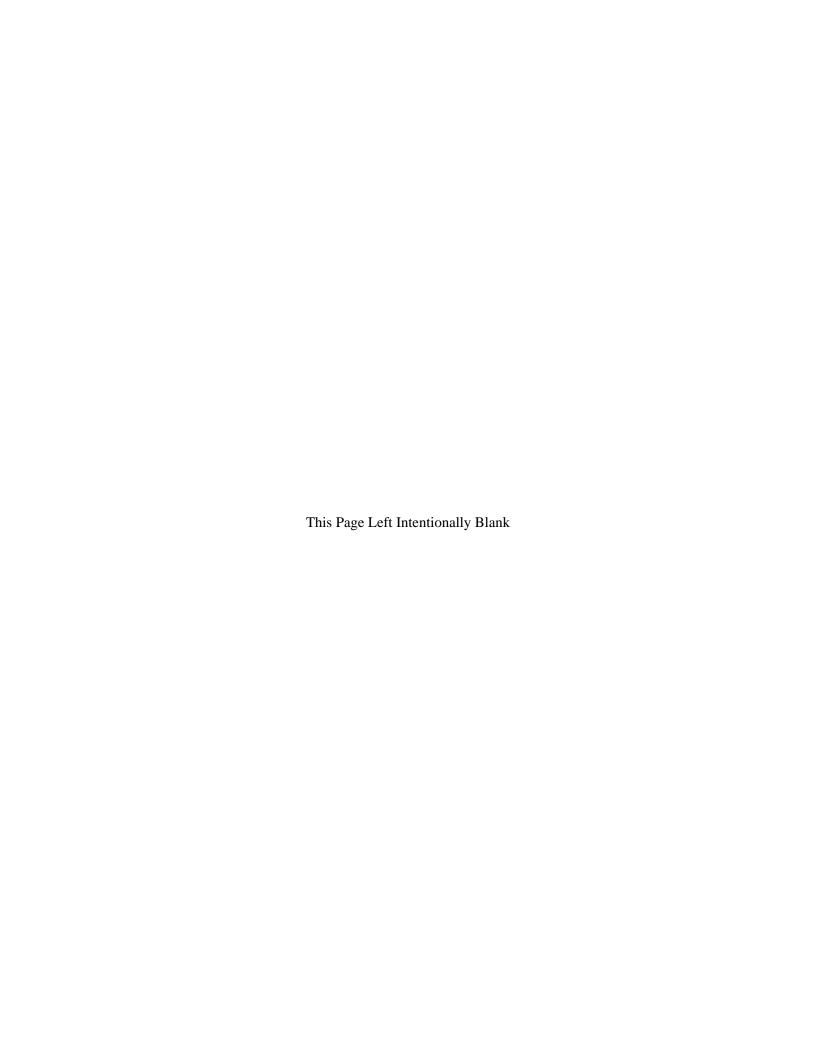
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2014 on our consideration of the TA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the TA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

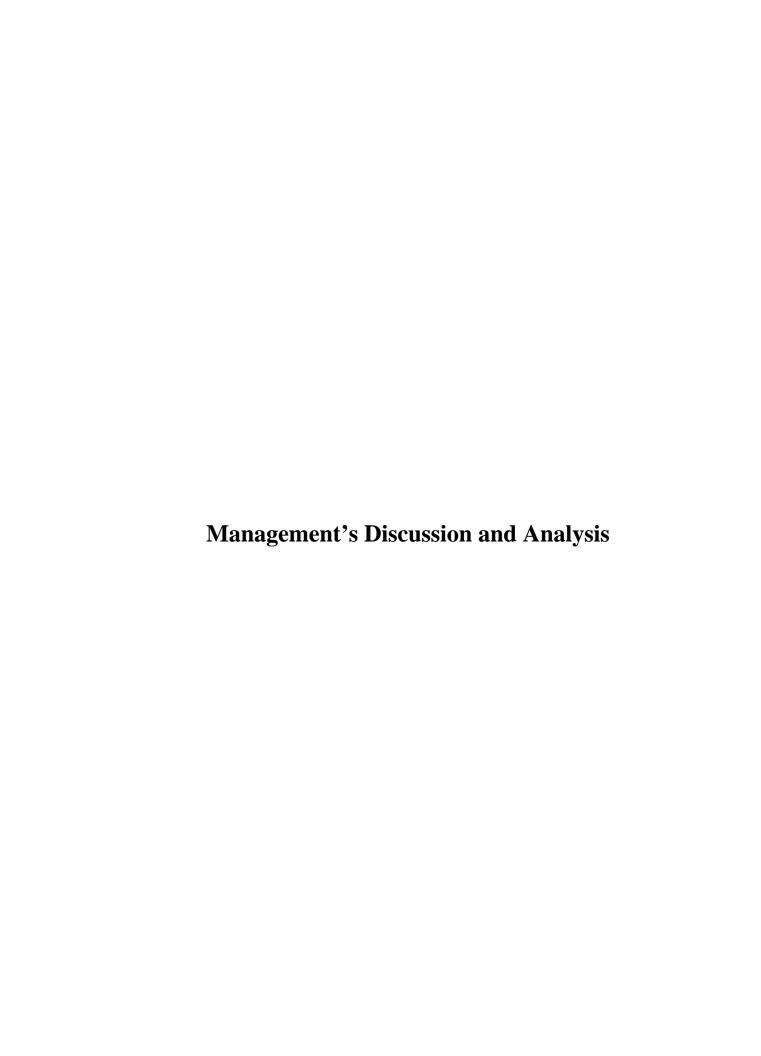
Report on Summarized Comparative Information

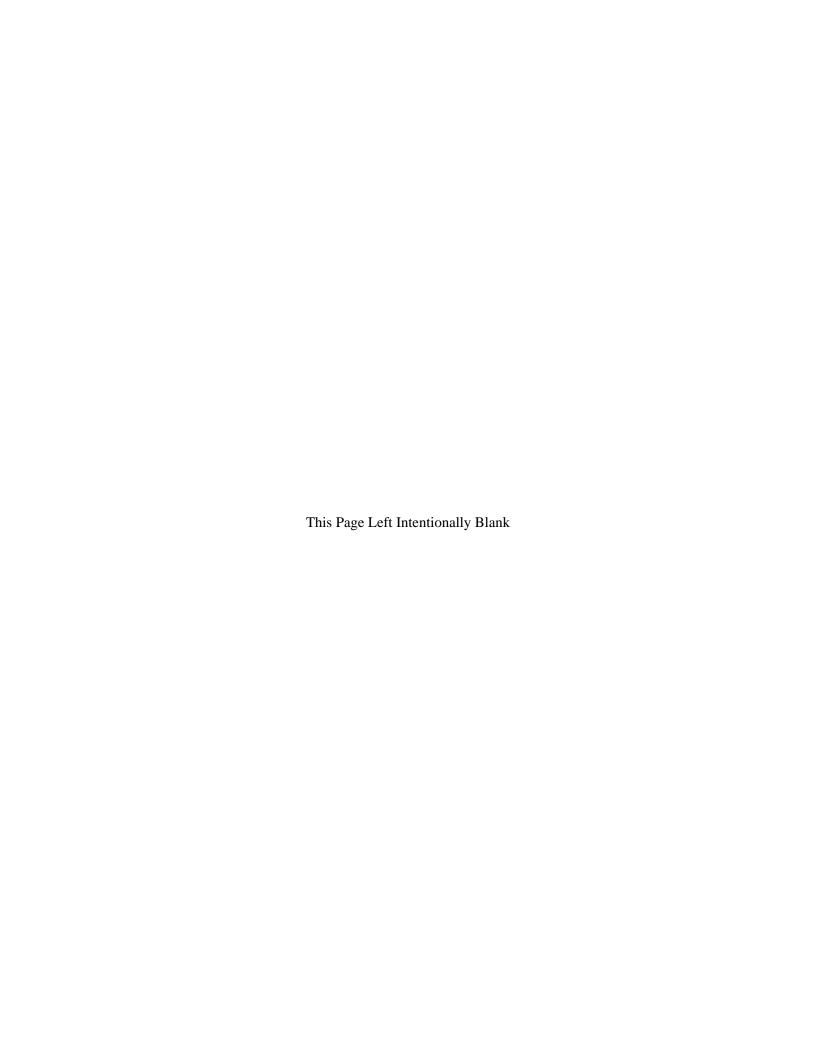
Maze & Associates

We have previously audited the TA's 2014 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 4, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 is consistent, in all material respects with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Pleasant Hill, California December 5, 2014







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the TA's financial position addresses the TA's activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 with comparisons to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter contained in the Introductory Section and with the statements and related notes contained in the Financial Section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets increased by \$5.3 million or 1.1 percent to \$481.4 million at June 30, 2014 compared to June 30, 2013. Cash and investments comprised \$446.6 million or 92.8 percent of the total 2014 year-end amount.
- Sales tax revenue for all funds was \$77.6 million during 2014, an increase of \$3.8 million or 5.1 percent from 2013.
- The TA expended \$46.9 million in capital outlay during 2014, a decrease of \$8.1 million or 14.7 percent over 2013. This amount included construction costs related to the San Bruno Grade Separation Project and the US-101 Broadway Interchange Project.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$8.0 million or 36.5 percent to \$13.9 million at June 30, 2014 compared to June 30, 2013.
- Total net position increased by \$13.3 million or 2.9 percent to \$467.5 million at June 30, 2014 compared to June 30, 2013. The increase is due primarily to total revenues exceeding total expenditures in 2014.

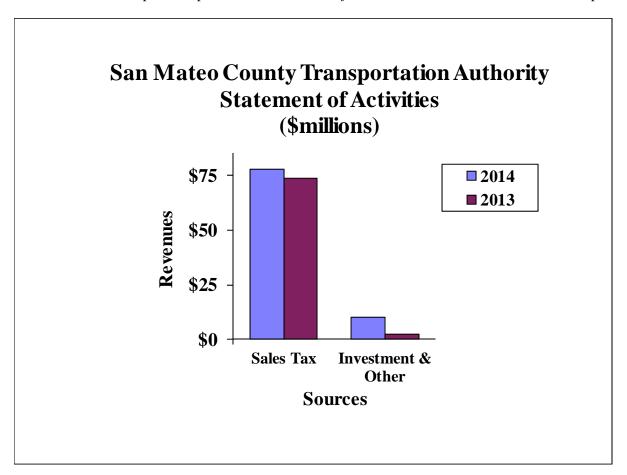
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Section of this report presents the TA's basic financial statements in three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. Other supplementary information also appears in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* presents total assets and total liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Changes in net position over time provide an indicator of whether the financial position of the government is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* reports on the change in net position during the year. It includes a comparison between direct expenses and related revenues for each program or function. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with and clearly identifiable with a particular program or function. The *Statement of Activities* matches revenues from charges to customers for goods and services to the program and functional expenses with which the revenues are directly related. Revenues not classified as program or functional, such as sales tax, are presented separately as general revenues. The TA reports all changes in net position as soon as underlying events occur, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in the *Statement of Activities* result in cash flows in a future period.



Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a set of accounts used to control resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. Funds classified as *major* are reported individually on the financial statements. Funds classified as non-major are grouped and reported in a single column. In the supplemental section of this report, *combining statements* report data for each of the *non-major* funds. The TA uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with various legal requirements, such as the annually adopted budget. Accordingly, certain financial statements in this report provide a comparison between budgeted and actual amounts.

The TA classifies all of its funds as *governmental*. Unlike the *government-wide* financial statements discussed above, the financial statements for *governmental funds* focus on the inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources, rather than net position. This information is useful for evaluating the TA's current financing requirements.

The TA reports the *major governmental funds* in individual columns:

• The *Special Revenue Fund* which accounts for the proceeds of the one-half cent county sales tax. These funds are legally restricted to expenditures for specific transportation improvement projects authorized in a referendum approved by San Mateo County voters. This referendum is referred to as *Measure A* and the list of eligible projects can be found in the *Transportation Expenditure Plan*.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the *government-wide* and *fund* financial statements. These notes begin on page 29 of this report, immediately following the financial statements to which they refer.

Other Information

This report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning compliance with the TA's annual budget for the *Special Revenue Fund* which is the TA's main operating fund and the equivalent of a *general fund*. This information and associated notes immediately follow the *basic financial statements* and their accompanying notes.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

At June 30, 2014, total assets were \$481.4 million, an increase of \$5.3 million or 1.1 percent from June 30, 2013. Cash and investments comprise \$446.6 million of this amount. With only \$13.9 million in total liabilities, the TA is in an excellent position to meet its obligations for current construction projects. As of the end of fiscal year 2014, existing encumbrances and expected future costs combined for current construction projects are estimated to total \$286.9 million.

Capital assets were \$13.6 million in 2014. There were no changes compared to 2013.

The TA does not record the capital assets created by the construction projects it finances on its own accounting books since these assets are of value only to the local government units in which they are located. For more information on capital assets, please refer to *Note #7- Capital Assets* of the *Notes to the Financial Statements* on page 40 of this report.

	Governmental Activities				
	2014			2013	
Current and other assets	\$	467,769,850	\$	462,455,047	
Capital assets		13,590,975		13,590,975	
Total assets	\$	481,360,825	\$	476,046,022	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	\$	- 13,901,292	\$	3,450,000 18,455,825	
Total liabilities	\$	13,901,292	\$	21,905,825	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,590,975	\$	13,590,975	
Restricted		453,868,558		440,549,222	
Total net position	\$	467,459,533	\$	454,140,197	

Total liabilities decreased by \$8.0 million or 36.5 percent to \$13.9 million at June 30, 2014 compared to \$21.9 million at June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to less accruals for capital projects.

Net position increased by \$13.3 million or 2.9 percent to \$467.5 million at June 30, 2014, the result of revenues exceeding expenditures in 2014.

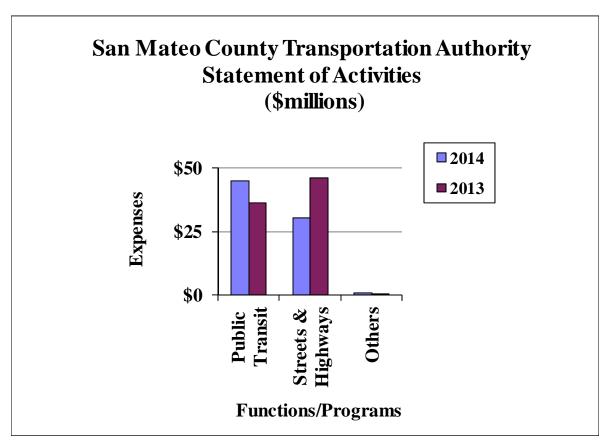
	Governmental Activities			
	 2014		2013	
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,203,816	\$	1,141,776	
Operating grants/contributions	133,508		2,799,379	
General revenues				
Sales tax	77,625,765		73,857,787	
Investment earnings and others	10,237,144		2,616,617	
Total revenues	\$ 89,200,233	\$	80,415,559	
Expenses:				
Public transit	\$ 44,961,678	\$	36,171,150	
Streets and highways	30,081,638		46,242,562	
Others	 837,581		666,095	
Total expenses	75,880,897		83,079,807	
Change in net position	 13,319,336		(2,664,249)	
Net position - July 1	 454,140,197		456,804,445	
Net position - July 30	\$ 467,459,533	\$	454,140,197	

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Activities

Total expenses for governmental activities were \$75.9 million in 2014, a decrease of \$7.2 million or 8.7 percent compared to 2013. The functional components of total expenses are public transit (59.3 percent), streets and highways (39.6 percent) and other programs (1.1 percent). The following are the highlights of the TA's governmental activities:

- Sales tax revenue increased by \$3.8 million or 5.1 percent to \$77.6 million in 2014 from 2013.
- Investment earnings and other revenues of \$10.2 million in 2014 was \$7.6 million or 291.2 percent higher compared to 2013. The increase was mostly due to additional recoveries from Lehman Brothers.
- Expenses for public transit projects in 2014 increased by \$8.8 million or 24.3 percent to \$45.0 million compared to 2013. The increase was mainly due to the Caltrain Electrification CBOSS/PTC Project and the San Bruno Grade Separation Project.
- Spending for streets and highways in 2014 decreased by \$16.2 million or 34.9 percent to \$30.1 million compared to 2013 mainly due to the completion of the construction phase on the Hwy 101 Auxiliary Lanes Marsh to San Mateo/Santa Clara County project in FY 2013. The Broadway Interchange project was finishing up the PS&E phase in FY2014 and awarded the construction contract at the end of the fiscal year.



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the TA's Funds

The *Special Revenue Fund* is the operating fund of the TA and equivalent to the general fund of other governmental entities. The fund balance reached \$448.8 million at June 30, 2014, an increase of \$9.8 million or 2.2 percent from June 30, 2013, as total revenues exceeded total expenditures during 2014. The total fund balance at June 30, 2014 of \$448.8 million is restricted for Measure A projects and is available for spending at the discretion of the TA's Board of Directors in accordance with the Transportation Expenditure Plan. Since the TA principally passes funding through to other organizations, the most accurate indicator of the TA's ability to meet its current and future obligations is a comparison of its fund balance to its future commitments. At June 30, 2014, the estimated cost to complete on-going projects is \$286.9 million or 63.9 percent of total fund balance.

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Highlights

GAAP requires a discussion of the budget-to-actual performance for the general fund or its equivalent. In the case of the TA, the *Special Revenue Fund* is the equivalent of a general fund as it is the chief operating fund. The TA classifies this fund as a special revenue fund because the activity of the fund is legally restricted to the special purposes enumerated in the Transportation Expenditure Plan approved by the voters of San Mateo County.

The *Special Revenue Fund* employs the same accounting basis and principles for both its budget and actual revenues and expenditures, except that proceeds from the sale of capital assets, unrealized investment gains and losses and inter-fund transfers are not included in the budget.

Sales tax represented 90.2 percent of the *Special Revenue Fund's* total budgeted revenue for FY 2014. Actual sales tax revenue for the year was \$77.6 million, which exceeded the budget by \$5.6 million or 7.8 percent.

Program administration costs for the Special Revenue Fund were slightly over budget.

The TA spent \$46.9 million or 49.3 percent of its final 2014 budget for capital outlays, which included the cost of completing on-going capital projects. Since capital projects normally span more than one year, the TA carries over unexpended budgets to succeeding years. However, to enhance understanding of the TA's fund balance for the *Special Revenue Fund*, the carry-over amount from 2013 is not included in the 2014 *Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

Capital Projects

The TA spent \$46.9 million on capital projects in 2014, a decrease of \$8.1 million or 14.7 percent compared to 2013. Following are the major capital expenditures:

- Construction costs associated with the grade separation project for San Bruno Avenue in San Bruno and Linden Avenue in South San Francisco (\$27.5 million).
- Funding for the 2014 local capital match requirement assessed to San Mateo County according to the Caltrain Joint Powers Agreement (\$3.8 million).
- Design costs associated with the 101/Broadway Interchange project (\$2.3 million).
- Final design costs associated with the Communications Based Overlay Signal System Positive Train Control (CBOSS PTC) project (\$2.0 million).

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

- Final construction costs for the addition of auxiliary lanes on Highway 101 starting from Marsh Road to University Ave and then to Embarcadero Road (\$1.6 million).
- Environmental Assessment/Final Environmental Impact Report costs associated with the Caltrain Electrification project (\$1.6 million).

More information on the TA's capital project activity appears in *Notes* #14 and #15 – Capital Outlay and Construction Commitments on page 43 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt

The \$3.5 million outstanding loan from the State of California was repaid on November 2013. The TA used the proceeds of this non-interest-bearing loan to purchase property from Southern Pacific Transportation Company.

More information on the TA's long-term debt activity appears in *Note* #10 - Long-term Liabilities beginning on page 41 in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

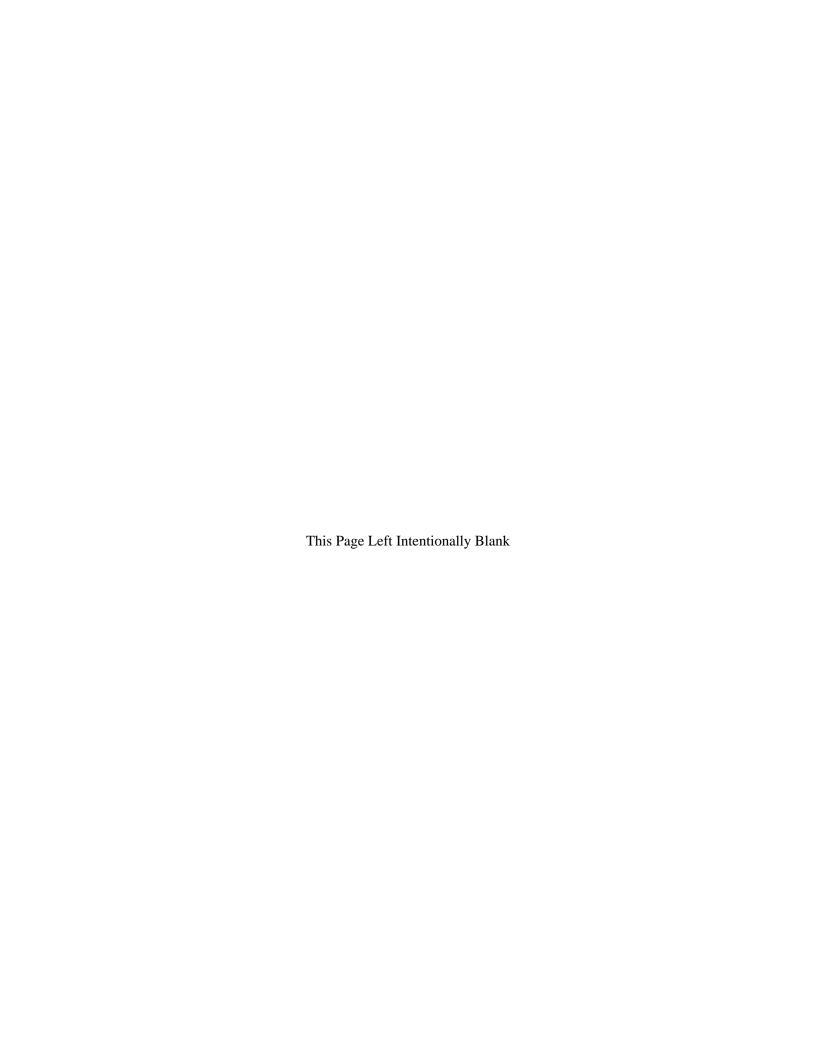
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The TA's Board adopted the fiscal year 2015 Budget of \$62.8 million on June 5, 2014. The TA's role is to administer the proceeds from Measure A to fund a broad spectrum of transportation-related projects. In accordance with the 2004 Transportation Expenditure Plan, annual allocations have been budgeted to four plan categories based on a percentage of projected sales tax revenues. The total annual allocation is approximately \$26.8 million. The TA's projected program expenditure is approximately \$39.7 million which is mostly made up of funding requirement for Alternative Congestion Relief, Caltrain, Pedestrian and Bicycle, Local Shuttle and Streets and Highways programs.

Of the \$0.7 million budgeted for the Alternative Congestion Relief program, \$0.5 million was proposed to be set aside for Peninsula Traffic Congestion Relief Alliance's Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Program. A budget of \$13.8 million has been set aside to fund system-wide capital improvements anticipated to be undertaken in FY2015 for the Caltrain system. These include State of Good Repair rolling stock, and signal, track and station work. These funds will be matched with monies from the Caltrain partners, Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority and the City and County of San Francisco. In addition, \$8 million is budgeted in the Caltrain category for the San Mateo Bridges replacement project currently underway as part of the Caltrain capital program. The Streets and Highways program, which include funding for key congested corridors has a budget of \$12.5 million and \$7.3 million for the supplemental roadway projects. The TA will put out a call for projects in order to allocate these funds to eligible recipients. Also included in the FY15 budget is \$5 million for the Pedestrian and Bicycle and Local Shuttle programs. Similar to the Streets and Highway Program, there will be a call for projects that will determine where these funds will be spent.

Requests for Information

This financial report intends to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the TA's finances and to demonstrate accountability for resources received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Deputy CEO, 1250 San Carlos Ave., P.O. Box 3006, San Carlos, California, 94070-1306.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2013)

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2014	2013
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 446,558,171	\$ 438,600,440
Receivables:		
Sales tax (Note 3)	14,666,468	13,437,975
Interest (Note 4)	1,420,727	1,444,025
Note receivable (Note 5 and 7)	4,343,404	4,343,404
Other (Note 6)	777,780	4,625,903
Prepaids	3,300	3,300
Capital assets, nondepreciable (Note 7)	13,590,975	13,590,975
Total Assets	481,360,825	476,046,022
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable (Note 8)	2,150,338	2,342,680
Accrued liabilities (Note 9)	11,698,478	16,027,853
Unearned revenue	6,659	26,969
Deposits	45,817	58,323
Long-term liabilities (Note 10):		
Due within one year		3,450,000
Total Liabilities	13,901,292	21,905,825
NET POSITION (Note 11)		
Net investment in capital assets	13,590,975	13,590,975
Restricted for Measure A Programs	453,868,558	440,549,222
Total Net Position	\$ 467,459,533	\$ 454,140,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (WITH SUMMARIZED DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013)

			Program Revenues									
			Operating		Net (Expenses) Revenues							
		-				harges for		ntributions		and Changes i	n Ne	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		and Grants			2014		2013		
Governmental Activities:												
Public transit	Φ.	5 (5 0 0 40	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	(5.550.040)	ф	(4.260.064)		
Upgrades and extensions	\$	7,670,849	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(7,670,849)	\$	(4,269,864)		
Grade separations		27,553,695		888,390		- 01.710		(26,665,305)		(20,582,374)		
Dumbarton spur		328,708		315,426		81,549		68,267		19,856		
BART		1,552,515		-		-		(1,552,515)		(1,477,155)		
Caltrain		6,210,061		-		-		(6,210,061)		(5,908,623)		
Projects funding		1,645,849		-		5,919		(1,639,930)		(2,291,548)		
Street and highways												
Distributions to local entities		20,572,983		-		-		(20,572,983)		(19,982,312)		
Projects funding		9,508,655		-		46,040		(9,462,615)		(23,980,537)		
Program administration		837,582		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(837,582)		(666,095)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	75,880,897	\$	1,203,816	\$	133,508		(74,543,573)		(79,138,652)		
General revenues:												
Sales taxes								77,625,765		73,857,787		
Investment earnings (Note 12)								3,065,150		377,989		
Recovery from Lehman Brothers (Not	e 2)							7,171,994		2,238,628		
Total General Revenues								87,862,909		76,474,404		
Change in Net Position								13,319,336		(2,664,248)		
Net Position-Beginning of Year								454,140,197		456,804,445		
Net Position-Ending of Year							\$	467,459,533	\$	454,140,197		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2013)

	Total Governmental Funds					
		2014		2013		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	446,558,171	\$	438,600,440		
Receivables:						
Sales tax (Note 3)		14,666,468		13,437,975		
Interest (Note 4)		694,571		763,764		
Other (Note 6)		777,780		4,625,903		
Prepaids		3,300		3,300		
Total Assets	\$	462,700,290	\$	457,431,382		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable (Note 8)	\$	2,150,338	\$	2,342,680		
Accrued liabilities (Note 9)	·	11,698,478		16,027,853		
Deferred rent revenue		6,659		26,969		
Deposits		45,817		58,323		
Total Liabilities		13,901,292		18,455,825		
FUND BALANCES						
Fund balance (Note 11)						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids		3,300		3,300		
Restricted for:						
Current Measure A projects		286,900,375		278,517,658		
Future Measure A Projects		161,895,323		160,454,599		
Total Fund Balances		448,798,998		438,975,557		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	462,700,290	\$	457,431,382		

These accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

(WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2013)

	2014	2013
The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Changes in Fund Balances, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental net assets reported on the Statement of Net Position, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.		
FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 448,798,998	\$ 438,975,557
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets of governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	13,590,975	13,590,975
Long term note receivable is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds:		
Note receivable Interest receivable	4,343,404 726,156	4,343,404 680,261
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Loan from State of California	-	(3,450,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 467,459,533	\$ 454,140,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013)

	T	otal			
	2014	2013			
REVENUES					
Sales tax	\$ 77,625,765	\$ 73,857,787			
	3,019,255	318,610			
Investment income (Note 12) Rental income	1,203,816	1,141,776			
Other income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	7,183,748	2,241,868			
Grant proceeds	121,754	2,796,139			
Total Revenues	89,154,338	80,356,180			
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration:					
Staff support (Note 13)	531,535	443,627			
Board compensation	7,200	6,100			
Professional and legal fees	232,091	183,080			
Other services and supplies	59,590	29,177			
Travel and meetings	2,605	2,101			
Distribution to local entities	20,570,828	19,982,312			
BART	1,552,515	1,477,155			
Caltrain	6,210,061	5,908,623			
Dumbarton corridor maintenance	4,020	2,010			
Debt service:					
Principal repayments	3,450,000	_			
Capital outlay (Note 14)	46,710,452	55,045,622			
Total Expenditures	79,330,897	83,079,807			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	9,823,441	(2,723,627)			
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	438,975,557	441,699,184			
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 448,798,998	\$ 438,975,557			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013)

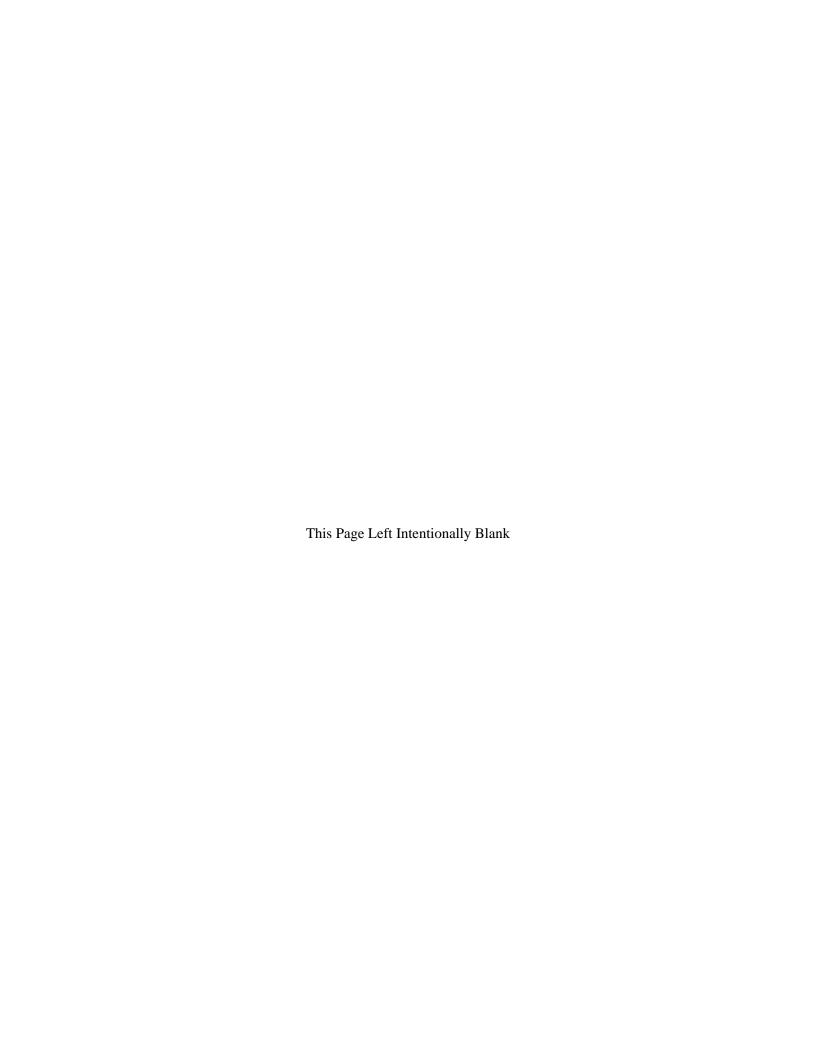
	2014	 2013
The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported in the Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 9,823,441	\$ (2,723,627)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Accrual of interest revenue on the note receivable for the sale of		
land is recorded as revenue in the government-wide statement of activities, but is not recorded in the governmental funds.	45,895	59,379
Repayment of principal balance of loan payable to State	 3,450,000	<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,319,336	\$ (2,664,248)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



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NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The San Mateo County Transportation Authority (TA) was formed in June 1988 as a result of the approval of Measure A (one-half cent county sales tax and Transportation Expenditure Plan) by the voters of San Mateo County pursuant to the Bay Area County Traffic and Transportation Funding Act. The TA was responsible for the administration of funds collected through the one-half cent county sales tax for a period of 20 years, initially. In November 2004, the voters reauthorized the TA and its publicly developed expenditure plan for an additional 25 years beyond the original expiration date of 2008. The San Mateo County Transit District (District) was designated as the entity responsible for overall management of the TA.

B. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. The requirements of this Statement will improve the decision-usefulness of information in employer and governmental nonemployer contributing entity financial reports and will enhance its value for assessing accountability and interperiod equity by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The TA has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 69 – In January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. This Statement provides specific accounting and financial reporting guidance for combinations in the governmental environment. This Statement also improves the usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that disclosures be made by governments about combination arrangements in which they engage and for disposals of government operations. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. This Statement had no material impact to the TA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In 2014, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.* The requirements of this Statement will eliminate the source of a potential significant understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in the first year of implementation of Statement 68 in the accrual-basis financial statements of employers and non-employer contributing entities. This benefit will be achieved without the imposition of significant additional costs. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The TA has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the financial activities of the TA. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the TA. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues refer to charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including sales tax revenues, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the TA's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The TA reports the following major governmental fund:

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the proceeds of the one-half cent county sales tax. These funds are legally restricted to expenditure specified in Measure A.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the TA gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include one-half cent county sales tax receipts and distributions to local entities. On an accrual basis, revenues from the one-half cent county sales tax are recognized when the underlying exchange transactions occur.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources management focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when their receipt occurs within 60 days after the end of the accounting period. Sales tax and investment earnings are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

F. Prepaids

Prepaid items represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The TA has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The TA has chosen to report the expenditures during the benefiting period.

G. Cash and Investments

All highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. All capital asset purchases are recorded as expenditures at the time of acquisition in the governmental funds. Such amounts are then capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Construction projects financed by the TA from the one-half cent county sales tax include highways, streets and grade separations. These infrastructure assets are of value only to the local government units in whose jurisdiction they are constructed and are not recorded as capital assets on the TA's books.

I. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The Authority's management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Summarized Data

The summarized data provided in these financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 is not a requirement for fair presentation of the financial statements, but is being presented as additional analytical data. Such information does not provide sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the TA's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013 from which such comparative information was derived.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority pools cash from all sources and funds except cash and investments with Trustees so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

The Authority records investment transactions on the trade date. Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount that the Authority could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and seller, and is generally measured by quoted market prices. The Authority adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year. Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average daily cash and investment balances in these funds.

Deposits and investments as of June 30 are categorized as follows:

	2014	2013
Cash and Investments		
Special Revenue Fund		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Bank balance	\$ 979,431	\$ 447,618
Investments	 445,578,740	 438,152,822
Total Special Revenue Fund	446,558,171	 438,600,440
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 446,558,171	\$ 438,600,440

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Authorized Investments by the Authority

In accordance with the California Government Code, the TA may acquire investments as identified in the table below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Allowed	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	15 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	15 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities or Government Sponsor Enterprises	15 years	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	15%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	10%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	50%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% base value	20%
Medium – Term Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Backed Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	5%
San Mateo County Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk incurred when market interest rates adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the TA manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The TA monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. With respect to this metric, the TA's policies are as follows:

- No investment shall be made in securities with a remaining useful life exceeding 15 years
- The weighted average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed 5 years

The TA's weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio at June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Investment Type	 Amount	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 62,123,599	1.99
U.S. Agency Securities	108,571,378	1.67
San Mateo County Investment Fund	250,554,453	1.71
Local Agency Investment Fund	 24,329,310	1.57
	\$ 445,578,740	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity	 	1.65

The TA's weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio at June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Investment Type	 Amount	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 25,548,253	1.72
U.S. Agency Securities	134,179,907	2.12
San Mateo County Investment Fund	267,954,344	1.97
Local Agency Investment Fund	 15,564,677	2.78
	\$ 443,247,181	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		2.03

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of the fiscal year end for each investment type.

TA's investment portfolio credit ratings at June 30 were as follows:

			Rating as of June 30, 2014							
Investment Type		Amount	A.	AA		AA		<u>A</u>		Not Rated
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	62,123,599	\$	-	\$	62,123,599	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Agency Securities Investment in County		108,571,378		-		108,571,378		-		-
Investment in State		250,554,453		-		-		-		250,554,453
Investment Pool	-	24,329,310						<u> </u>		24,329,310
Total	\$	445,578,740	\$	_	\$	170,694,977	\$		\$	274,883,763
						Rating as of J	une 30,	2013		
										Not

Investment Type	 Amount	 AAA	 AA	 Α	 Not Rated
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 25,548,253	\$ -	\$ 25,548,253	\$ _	\$ -
U.S. Agency Securities	134,179,907	-	134,179,907	-	-
Investment in County Investment Pool Investment in State	267,954,344	-	-	-	267,954,344
Investment Pool	 15,564,677	 -	 <u>-</u> _	 	 15,564,677
Total	\$ 443,247,181	\$ -	\$ 159,728,160	\$ -	\$ 283,519,021

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the TA contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent five percent or more of the TA's total investments at June 30 are held in the Special Revenue Fund as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	 Fair Value 2014
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLM)	U.S. Agency Security U.S. Agency Security	\$ 78,685,122 30,017,100
Issuer	Investment Type	 Fair Value 2013
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLM)	U.S. Agency Security U.S. Agency Security	\$ 70,903,265 63,276,642

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for *deposit* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the TA will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investment* is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the TA will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of another party.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the TA's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law, this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the TA's name and places the TA ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The TA invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to increase security, TA employs the Trust Department of a bank or trustee as the custodian of certain TA managed investments, regardless of their form.

Fair Value of Investments

Accounting pronouncement GASB Statement No. 31 applies to investments purchased with maturities greater than one year, investments in external investment pools (State of California LAIF & county treasury investment pools), mutual funds, and certain investment agreements. Generally, governmental entities need to report the fair value changes for these investments at year-end and record these gains or losses on their income statement.

Methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value: The TA maintains investment accounting records on amortized cost and adjusts those records to "fair value" on an annual basis. Unrealized gains and losses are recorded on an annual basis and the carrying value of its investments is considered "fair value." The TA's investment custodian provides the market value on each investment instrument. The investments held by the TA are widely traded in the financial markets and trading values are readily available from numerous published sources. The TA has elected to report its money market investments (those investments with maturities of less than one year) at amortized cost adjusted to fair value on an annual basis.

San Mateo County Treasurer's Investment Pool: The TA holds investments in the County Pool that are subject to adjustments to "fair value." The TA is required to disclose its methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of its holding in the County Pool. The TA relied upon information provided by the County Treasurer in estimating the TA's fair value position of its holding in the County Pool. The TA had a contractual withdrawal value of \$252,029,881 and \$264,604,657, at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, that is recorded at \$252,017,280 and \$263,660,018 on the balance sheet after the adjustment for unrealized gains/losses for fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fair value change in these investments for the year just ended is shown as unrealized gain/losses in the income statement via inclusion in the amount of Investment Income.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The San Mateo County Treasurer's Investment Pool is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the elected San Mateo County Treasurer. The County Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of local government officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. The daily operations and responsibilities of the pool fall under auspices of the County Treasurer's office. As of June 30, 2012, the County Pool elected to drop its credit rating by Standard & Poors. The TA is a voluntary participant in the investment pool.

On September 15, 2008, Lehman Brothers Holding filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection. The San Mateo County Portfolio included \$155 million of Lehman Brothers Holding investment at the time, in both commercial paper and floating securities. The County Pool wrote off these investments as of September 30, 2009, consequently showing a loss of \$155 million out of the total portfolio of approximately \$2.6 billion. The TA had approximately \$453 million invested through the County Pool as of September 30, 2009, and therefore incurred its percentage share of this loss on October 1, 2009. The loss the TA incurred was approximately \$25.3 million. All funds recovered by the County Pool will be distributed to Pool participants in proportion to their participation in the loss. Lehman exited bankruptcy in March 2012 and began making settlement payments to creditors. So far they have made six payments, resulting in the TA receiving a total distribution of \$10,963,793, or just under \$0.43 on the dollar total recovery.

State of California State Treasurer's Local Authority Investment Fund (LAIF): The TA holds an investment in LAIF that is subject to "fair value" adjustments. The TA is required to disclose its methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of its holding in LAIF. The TA relied upon information provided by the State Treasurer in estimating the TA's fair value position of its holdings in LAIF. The TA had a contractual withdrawal value of \$24,329,310 and \$15,568,929 on the balance sheet after the adjustment for unrealized gains/losses for fiscal year 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The LAIF is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the California State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of California State officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. The daily operations and responsibilities of LAIF fall under the auspices of the State Treasurer's office. The TA is a voluntary participant in the investment pool.

NOTE 3 – SALES TAX RECEIVABLES

Sales tax receivable consists of sales tax due from the State Board of Equalization of the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 4 - INTEREST RECEIVABLE

Interest receivables at June 30 are as follows:

		2014	2013	
Interest due from deposits and investments	\$	694,571	\$	763,764
Total reported on Governmental Funds Statements		694,571		763,764
Accrued interest on note receivable		726,156		680,261
Total reported on Government- Wide Statements	\$	1,420,727	\$	1,444,025

NOTE 5 - NOTE RECEIVABLE

On December 27, 2007, the TA transferred 174,047 square feet of development and railroad corridor property owned by the TA and located at the northeast corner of Holly Street and El Camino Real in the City of San Carlos to the District. The property was originally acquired by the TA for a grade separation project but eventually became excess property. The development portion of the property was transferred at no cost; however, the District is obligated to transfer half its interest in the railroad corridor property on the JPB as San Mateo County's share of contributions for future capital projects. The District is required to pay interest on the note at the current rate of return earned by the TA on its investment portfolio until the principal is paid in full and is permitted to pay the principal of the note over time before December 1, 2033. See *Note 7- Capital Assets*.

NOTE 6 - OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables at June 30 consist of amounts owed by other government agencies and miscellaneous receivables as follows:

	2014		 2013
Metropolitan Transportation Commission	\$	637,347	\$ 804,646
San Mateo County Transit District		67,414	66,389
Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority		53,209	206,689
Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority		19,810	40,216
California State Department of Transportation		-	3,380,857
Other			 127,106
Total Other Receivables	\$	777,780	\$ 4,625,903

NOTE 7 — CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follow:

		Balance						Balance
	Ju	ne 30, 2013	A	dditions	De	eletions	Jı	ine 30, 2014
			<u> </u>					_
Capital Assets - Land	\$	13,590,975	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,590,975

Land represents the cost of right of way acquisition for future grade separation projects, as well as for corridor preservation purposes. On December 27, 2007, the TA conveyed right of way on the land located on Holly Street to the District for a promissory note of \$4,343,404. The original acquisition cost of the property was \$4,570,000. See Note 5-Note Receivable.

NOTE 8 — ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30 are as follows:

		20	2014		2013
District - Salaries and benefits	9	\$	307,124	\$	304,217
Paratransit program			556,353		657,854
Caltrain			1,125,829		1,315,708
Capital project			26,337		6,048
Other	_		134,695		58,853
5	Γotal S	\$	2,150,338	\$	2,342,680

NOTE 9 — ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30 are as follows:

	 2014	 2013
Disbursements to local entities for transportation projects	\$ 3,345,125	\$ 3,696,320
Capital projects	7,986,132	12,033,319
BART	293,329	268,759
Other	 73,892	 29,455
Total	\$ 11,698,478	\$ 16,027,853

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Loan from State

The TA obtained a \$3,450,000 non-interest bearing loan from the State of California in FY 1995 to purchase property from Southern Pacific Transportation Company. The loan agreement required the TA to pay the full amount by December 31, 2009. In an updated agreement, Caltrans granted the TA an extension of time through November 7, 2013 for the TA to repay the loan. The loan was repaid in full on November 4, 2013.

		Balance					Bala	ance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2013	Addi	tions	R	etirements	June 3	0, 2014
Loan Payable to the State of California	\$	3,450,000	\$		\$	3,450,000	\$	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	3,450,000	\$		\$	3,450,000	\$	

NOTE 11 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position is measured on the full accrual basis while Fund Balance is measured on the modified accrual basis.

Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the TA's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted – This category represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances represent the net current position of each fund. Net current position generally represents a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The TA's fund balances are classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definition*, which requires the TA to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the TA prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

NOTE 11 - NET POSITION / FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Nonspendables represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the TA Board which may be altered only by formal action of the TA Board. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to Board commitments are included along with spendable resources.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the TA's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the TA Board or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the TA Board or its designee. This category includes encumbrances; Nonspendables, when it is the TA's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

NOTE 12 - INVESTMENT INCOME

Investment income activity for the fiscal year ended June 30 is as follows:

	 2014	 2013
Interest Income	\$ 3,705,723	\$ 3,295,496
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(640,573)	(2,917,507)
Investment income – Statement of Activities (see below)	3,065,150	 377,989
Increase in long-term interest receivable	(45,895)	(59,379)
Investment income – Statement of Revenues,	 	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 3,019,255	\$ 318,610
Investment Income – Statement of Activities reported below:		
Unrestricted investment earnings	\$ 3,065,150	\$ 377,989
	\$ 3,065,150	\$ 377,989

NOTE 13 – STAFF SUPPORT EXPENDITURES

As discussed in Note 1A, the San Mateo County Transit District (District) was designated as the entity responsible for overall management of the TA. The TA reimburses the District for staff support services.

Staff support expenditures for the year ended June 30 are as follows:

		2014		 2013
Salaries and benefits Indirect costs		\$	468,484 63,051	\$ 379,597 64,030
	Total	\$	531,535	\$ 443,627

NOTE 14 – CAPITAL OUTLAY

The expenditures on public transportation projects during FY 2014 and 2013 were \$46,710,452 and \$55,045,622, respectively. Total expenditures on such projects from inception through June 30, are as follows:

Capital Projects		 2014	 2013
Dumbarton Spur		\$ 32,893,813	\$ 32,565,221
Caltrain		186,663,407	178,992,561
Paratransit		2,155	-
Ferry		8,088,199	8,087,122
Local Shuttle		3,707,140	2,269,537
Railroad Grade Separations		239,696,498	212,142,862
Streets and Highways		253,793,601	245,551,533
Alternative Congestion Relief		456,599	10,931
Administration		539	-
Oversight and Bicycle		 12,271,285	 11,005,521
	Total	\$ 737,573,236	\$ 690,625,288

The Dumbarton Spur expenditures of \$32,893,813 were partially financed by a state loan of \$3,450,000. Of the total expenditures of \$737,573,236 for capital outlay, \$21,780,980 was funded by contributions from external entities.

NOTE 15 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

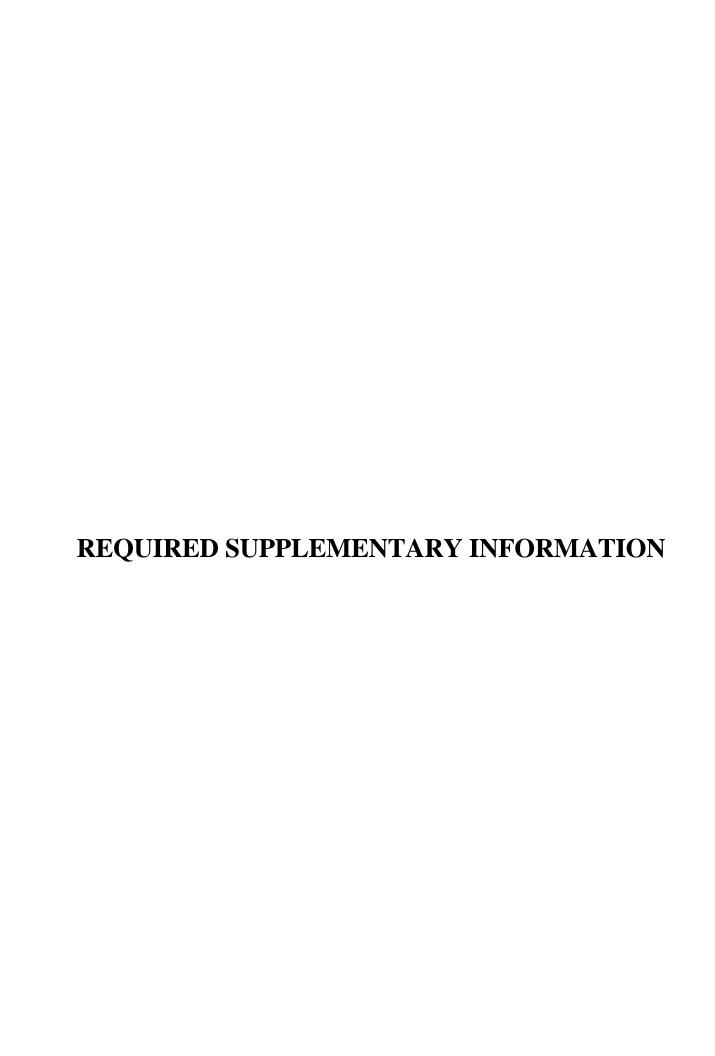
At June 30, the TA estimated the cost to complete the following unfinished projects:

Capital Projects		2014	 2013
Dumbarton Spur	\$	12,559,539	\$ 12,664,156
Caltrain		35,993,775	31,474,684
Paratransit		7,116	-
Ferry		3,558	6,952,877
Local Shuttle		4,086,908	4,713,533
Railroad Grade Separations		50,839,605	78,358,472
Streets and Highways		173,717,584	134,958,918
Alternative Congestion Relief		98,129	-
Administration		1,779	-
Oversight and Bicycle		9,592,382	 7,261,787
Tota	1 \$	286,900,375	\$ 276,384,427

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The TA is not exposed to a significant number of risks, as its primary function is to receive and allocate one-half cent county sales tax. All projects funded by the TA are managed by lead agencies such as Caltrain and various local agencies. The TA is indemnified from and against all liabilities, claims, and lawsuits arising out or resulting from any acts or omissions by such agencies. During the audit period, the TA and its managing entity, the District, has an aggregate insurance coverage of \$100,000,000.

The TA did not have any claim settlements that exceeded the insurance coverage in the last three years.





SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Pudgatad	Amounts	Actual Amounts	ariance with nal Budget -
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	tive/(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$	415,823,164	\$ 415,823,164	\$ 445,209,646	\$ 29,386,482
Resources (inflows)				
Sales tax	68,000,000	72,000,000	77,625,765	5,625,765
Investment income	2,821,040	2,821,040	3,646,996	825,956
Rental income	1,168,300	1,168,300	1,203,816	35,516
Grant proceeds	3,800,500	3,800,500	133,508	(3,666,992)
Other income			7,171,994	7,171,994
Amounts Available for Appropriation	75,789,840	79,789,840	89,782,079	 9,992,239
Charges to appropriation (outflows) Program Administration				
Staff support	565,152	565,152	531,535	33,617
Board compensation	8,400	8,400	7,819	581
Professional and legal fees	204,989	204,989	223,316	(18,327)
Other services and supplies	97,845	97,845	65,907	31,938
Travel and meetings	7,400	7,400	2,605	 4,795
	883,786	883,786	831,182	52,604
Distribution to local entities	18,020,000	19,080,000	20,570,828	(1,490,828)
BART	1,360,000	1,440,000	1,552,515	(112,515)
Caltrain	5,440,000	5,760,000	6,210,061	(450,061)
Measure A information	16,500	16,500	5,993	10,507
Capital outlays	87,265,000	95,230,000	46,710,452	 48,519,548
Total Charges to Appropriations	112,985,286	122,410,286	75,881,031	 46,529,255
Budgetary Fund Balance, End of Year \$	378,627,718	\$ 373,202,718	\$ 459,110,694	\$ 85,907,976
Explanation of Difference Between Budgetary I Actual amounts available for appropriation - Unrealized gains under GASB 31 Total revenues in the Statement of Revenues Fund Balances - GAAP basis	budgetary basis	from above		\$ 89,782,079 (627,741) 89,154,338

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2014

Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The TA Board adopts an annual operating budget in accordance with Section 131265(a) of the Public Utilities Code. Budget amounts may be revised by Board Resolutions. The budget adopted by the TA includes amounts for the major Special Revenue Fund. This fund's budget and actual revenues and expenditures are presented as required supplementary information. The basis the TA uses to prepare the budget is consistent with the basis used to reflect the actual revenues and expenditure, except that proceeds from sale of capital assets and unrealized gains and losses under GASB Statement No. 31 are not included in the budget for the major Special Revenue Fund.

Management is authorized to exceed budget for individual categories provided the total expenditures do not exceed the total budget.

Section III

STATISTICAL

Financial Trends

- Net Position and Change in Net Position (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (For fiscal years 2005-2014)

Revenue Capacity

- Revenue Base and Revenue Rate (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Principal Revenue Payers (For fiscal years 2005 and 2013)

Debt Capacity

- Ratio of Outstanding Debt (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Bonded Debt (For fiscal years 2004-2014)
- Direct and Overlapping Debt and Debt Limitation (For fiscal year 2014)
- Pledged Revenue Coverage (For fiscal years 2005-2014)

Demographics and Economic Information

- Population, Income and Unemployment Rates (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Principal Employers (For fiscal years 2012 and 2006)

Operating Information

- Capital Outlay (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Employees (For fiscal years 2005-2014)
- Capital Assets (For fiscal years 2005-2014)



STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the TA's CAFR presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, notes disclosure, required supplementary information and other supplemental information and assessing the TA's economic condition.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to assist readers in understanding and assessing how the TA's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to assist readers in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the TA's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, sales tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules assist readers in understanding and assessing the TA's debt burden and its capacity to issue future debt.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present socioeconomic indicators to assist readers in understanding the environment within which the TA's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain contextual information about the TA's operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information as a tool to understand and assess the TA's economic condition.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FINANCIAL TRENDS – NET POSITION AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

Fiscal year		2014	2013	2012	2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Grade Separations	\$	888	\$ 839	\$ 819	\$ 786
Paratransit		-	-	-	-
Dumbarton Spur		397	694	1,916	994
Caltrain Shuttle Program		-	-	-	-
Projects Funding		52	 2,408	 1,979	9
Total Program Revenues		1,337	 3,941	4,714	1,789
PROGRAM EXPENDITURES					
Upgrades and Extension		7,671	4,270	3,574	16,285
Grade Separations		27,553	21,421	9,157	9,607
Paratransit		-	-	-	-
Dumbarton Spur		329	674	2,044	1,017
BART		1,552	1,477	1,390	1,270
Caltrain		6,210	5,909	5,558	5,081
Distribution to local entities		20,573	19,982	18,809	17,289
Projects funding		11,155	28,681	13,521	8,948
Caltrain Shuttle Program		-	-	1,448	1,377
Transportation Systems Management		-	-	-	-
Program Administration		838	666	825	833
Interest on debt		-	-	-	-
Total Program Expenditures	•	75,881	83,080	56,325	61,707
NET REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)		(74,544)	(79,139)	(51,611)	(59,918)
General revenues					
Sales tax		77,626	73,858	69,476	63,516
Unrestricted investment earnings		3,065	378	3,569	5,201
Other income		7,172	 2,239	1,528	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		13,319	(2,664)	22,962	8,799
Net Position Components		,	 (, ,	,	,
Net investment in capital assets		13,591	13,591	13,591	13,591
Restricted		453,869	440,549	443,213	420,251
Unrestricted		,		- ,	- ,
NET POSITION	\$	467,460	\$ 454,140	\$ 456,804	\$ 433,842
	-	,	 - ',	 ,	 ,

Source: CAFRs.

This table presents Governmental activity program revenues and expenditures, general revenues, sales tax and other income.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FINANCIAL TRENDS – NET POSITION AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

2010	2009	 2008	 2007	 2006	 2005
\$ 1,103	\$ 3,209	\$ 876	\$ 731	\$ 731	\$ 878
-	-	1,149	1,411	636	692
1,930	5,287	1,942	620	1,310	507
-	-	-	-	-	86
3,033	8,496	3,967	 2,762	2,677	2,163
19,709	9,612	12,481	8,136	9,275	14,436
14,445	9,118	4,525	1,867	5,016	4,698
2,339	26,071	2,780	2,542	2,358	880
2,146	6,045	2,286	852	1,595	649
1,170	535	-	-	-	-
4,679	2,142	-	-	-	-
13,159	12,674	13,734	13,240	12,762	11,991
16,779	24,577	31,634	19,928	6,690	10,427
1,322	1,339	1,075	1,064	1,010	712
473	462	483	476	408	400
719	746	803	670	1,133	551
-	-	379	764	1,121	1,458
76,940	 93,321	70,180	49,539	41,370	46,201
(73,907)	(84,825)	(66,213)	(46,777)	(38,692)	(44,037)
58,485	60,022	68,670	66,202	63,811	59,953
7,866	(12,249)	18,313	20,564	9,549	9,591
		(227)	 	161	1
 (7,556)	(37,051)	20,543	39,989	 34,829	 25,509
13,591	13,591	13,591	18,161	18,161	18,161
-	-	25,000	35,413	35,403	35,395
411,452	419,008	431,060	395,533	355,553	320,732
\$ 425,043	\$ 432,599	\$ 469,651	\$ 449,107	\$ 409,117	\$ 374,289

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FINANCIAL TRENDS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

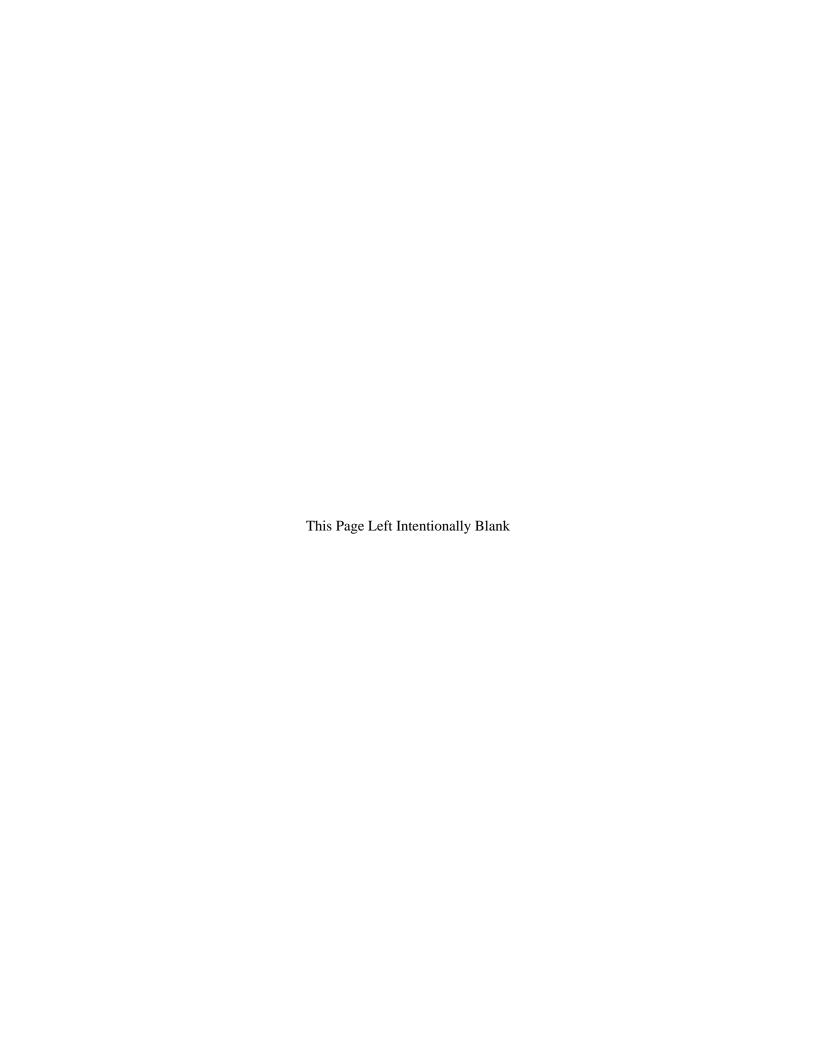
Fiscal year	:	2014		2013		2012		2011
REVENUES								
Sales tax	\$	77,626	\$	73,858	\$	69,476	\$	63,516
Investment income		3,019		319		3,503		5,120
Rental income		1,204		1,142		1,108		1,064
Grant proceeds		121		2,796		3,607		725
Proceeds from sale of properties		_		-		-		-
Non-operating reimbursements		_		_		-		-
Other income		7,184		2,241		1,527		-
Total Revenue		89,154		80,356		79,220		70,425
EXPENDITURES		,				,		
Administrative:								
Staff support		532		444		568		570
Board compensation		7		6		7		6
Professional and legal fees		232		183		190		206
Other services and supplies		60		29		52		43
Travel and meeting		2		2		2		3
Leases and rental		_		_		_		_
Debt Service:								
Principal		3,450		_		_		_
Interest		-		_		_		_
Subtotal		4,283		664		820		828
Distributions to local entities		20,571		19,982		18,809		17,289
BART		1,553		1,477		1,390		1,270
Caltrain		6,210		5,909		5,558		5,081
Special allocation to Samtrans		<u>-</u>		- ,		- ,		- ,
Caltrain shuttles program		_		_		1,448		1,377
Dumbarton corridor maintenance		4		2		5		5
Measure A information				_		_		-
2004 Election		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		46,710		55,045		28,295		35,857
Total Expenditures		79,331		83,079		56,325		61,707
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures		9,823		(2,723)		22,895		8,718
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		7,023		(2,723)		22,075		0,710
Transfer in		_		_		_		_
Transfer out		_		_		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change In Fund Balance		9,823		(2,723)		22,895		8,718
Fund Balance		7,023		(2,723)		22,075		0,710
Non-Spendable		3		3		3		3
Restricted		448,796		438,973		441,696		418,801
Total Ending Fund Balance	\$	448,799	\$	438,976	\$	441,699	\$	418,804
- om Liong I and Dutailor	Ψ	1 10,177	Ψ	150,770	Ψ		Ψ	110,00
Total Debt Service expenditures as a % Total								
Noncapital expenditures		10.6%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

Source: CAFRs.

This table presents revenues, expenditures, other financing sources and changes in fund balance.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FINANCIAL TRENDS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

2010		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 58,485	\$	60,022	\$ 68,670	\$ 66,202	\$ 63,811	\$ 59,953
7,723		(12,630)	18,995	21,985	10,306	10,400
1,072		1,076	997	902	892	994
1,961		7,420	1,821	449	1,149	479
-		_	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-	-
 		-	 - 00.402	 - 00.520	 -	
69,241	1	55,888	90,483	 89,538	 76,159	71,825
489		487	593	500	418	350
7		7	7	6	6	7
181		170	148	112	115	122
34		59	37	51	63	39
3		10	9	5	4	6
-		-	-	-	-	-
_		_	8,855	8,475	8,115	7,780
_		-	407	789	1,146	1,480
714		733	10,056	9,938	9,867	9,784
15,971		14,207	16,997	16,257	15,529	13,271
1,170		536	-	-	-	-
4,679		2,143	-	-	-	-
-		25,000	-	-	-	-
1,322		1,339	1,074	1,064	1,010	712
5		242	182	265	246	231
-		13	14	3	11	32
-		_	-	-	521	-
53,079		49,110	50,745	 30,518	22,330	 29,979
76,940		93,323	 79,068	 58,045	49,514	54,008
(7,699)		(37,434)	11,415	31,493	 26,644	17,817
-		2,902	_	-	-	_
		(2,902)				 -
- (7, (00))		(27, 42.4)	 11 417	 21 402	 -	 17.017
 (7,699)		(37,434)	 11,415	 31,493	 26,644	 17,817
3		-	25,000	35,414	35,403	35,395
 410,082		417,781	430,217	408,389	376,907	 350,270
\$ 410,085	\$	417,781	\$ 455,217	\$ 443,803	\$ 412,310	\$ 385,665
0.0%		0.0%	32.7%	33.7%	34.1%	38.5%



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REVENUE CAPACITY – REVENUE BASE AND REVENUE RATE FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue Fund									
Fiscal year ended	Non-Spendable)	Restricted		Total					
2014	\$	3 \$	448,796	\$	448,799					
2013		3	438,973		438,976					
2012		3	441,696		441,699					
2011		3	419,288		419,291					
2010		3	410,082		410,085					
2009		-	417,189		417,189					
2008		-	425,887		425,887					
2007	8,03	31	402,081		410,112					
2006	8,03	31	372,326		380,357					
2005	8,03	31	345,281		353,312					

All Other Governmental Funds Fiscal year ended Non-Spendable Restricted **Total** \$ 2014 \$ \$ 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 594 594 2008 25,000 29,330 4,330 2007 27,383 6,307 33,690 2006 27,372 4,580 31,952 2005 27,364 4,989 32,353

Source: CAFRs.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REVENUE CAPACITY – REVENUE BASE AND REVENUE RATE (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

Fiscal year	2014	2013	2012
The TA's Sales Tax Rate	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Total Sales Tax Revenue	\$ 77,626	\$ 73,858	\$ 69,476
Total Taxable Sales in San Mateo County	\$ 15,525,153 [1]	\$ 14,771,600 [1]	\$ 13,895,200

^{[1] 2014} and 2013 taxable sales are estimates based on sales tax revenues received; 2012 taxable sales amount is the most current information available.

Source: California State Board of Equalization

This table presents total sales and total taxable sales in San Mateo County.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REVENUE CAPACITY – REVENUE BASE AND REVENUE RATE (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

	2011		2010		2009		2008	2007		2006		2005
	0.5%		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%	0.5%		0.5%		0.5%
\$	63,516	\$	58,485	\$	60,022	\$	68,670	\$ 66,202	\$	63,811	\$	59,953
\$ 1	3,020,643	\$ 1	1,966,338	\$ 1	11,327,022	\$ 1	3,137,913	\$ 13,326,306	\$ 1	2,900,391	\$ 1	2,451,350

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REVENUE CAPACITY – PRINCIPAL REVENUE PAYERS FISCAL YEARS 2005 AND 2013 (in thousands)

		FY2013*			FY2005	
Principal Revenue Payers	Rank	Percent of Taxable Sales	Amount	Rank	Percent of Taxable Sales	Amount
All other outlets	1	31.0%	\$1,015,038	1	26.8%	\$3,341,692
Automotive group	2	11.4%	374,183	2	13.6%	1,695,898
Food Services/drinking places	3	11.4%	374,145	10	3.3%	\$408,881
Gasoline (Service) stations	4	9.2%	300,409	7	6.7%	827,759
General merchandise stores	5	7.8%	255,354	3	10.0%	1,247,946
Building materials group	6	5.8%	190,977	6	7.5%	929,948
Apparel stores	7	4.8%	158,027	11	2.9%	365,474
Food/Beverage stores	8	4.1%	133,852	5	8.9%	1,111,150
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	9	3.6%	116,418	9	4.9%	614,539
Electronics & Appliance stores	10	2.9%	96,192			
Furniture/Home furnishings	11	2.5%	83,328	8	4.1%	515,133
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book & Music Stores (Specialty stores)	12	2.2%	73,300	4	9.8%	1,217,982
Health and personal services	13	2.0%	64,263			
Nonstore Retailers	14	1.2%	39,369	12	1.4%	174,948
Total	_ _	100.0%	\$3,274,856		100.0%	\$12,451,350

^{*} Principal tax payers information for 1st Quarter, 2013 is the most current information available.

This table ranks the top 14 principal tax payers by industry.

Source: California State Board of Equalization

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEBT CAPACITY – RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014

Fiscal Year	Limited Tax Revenue Bonds for SMCTA ^[1]		As a Percent of Personal Income
2014	\$ -	\$ 58,496,965	0.00%
2013	-	56,793,170	0.00%
2012	-	55,139,000	0.00%
2011	-	51,931,000	0.00%
2010	-	47,787,000	0.00%
2009	-	46,631,000	0.00%
2008	-	49,148,000	0.00%
2007	8,85	50,186,000	0.02%
2006	17,33	0 47,440,000	0.04%
2005	25,44	5 43,264,000	0.06%

[1] CAFRs

This table presents the relationship between the limited tax revenue bonds and the total personal income of San Mateo County residents.

^[2] County of San Mateo, California, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014. Personal Income data for 2013 and 2014 is based on an estimated three percent annual increase over 2012.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEBT CAPACITY – BONDED DEBT FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	 ax Revenue r SMCTA	 Taxable Sales Mateo County	As a Percent of Total Taxable Sales in San Mateo County
2014	\$ -	\$ 15,525,153 [1]	0.00%
2013	-	14,771,600 [1]	0.00%
2012	-	13,895,200	0.00%
2011	-	13,020,643	0.00%
2010	-	11,966,338	0.00%
2009	-	11,327,022	0.00%
2008	-	13,137,913	0.00%
2007	8,855	13,326,306	0.07%
2006	17,330	12,900,391	0.13%
2005	25,445	12,451,350	0.20%

^{[1] 2014} and 2013 taxable sales are estimates based on sales tax revenues received; 2012 taxable sales amount is the most current information available

Source: CAFRs & California State Board of Equalization

This table presents the ability of the TA to issue revenue bonds based on the total taxable sales in San Mateo County.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEBT CAPACITY – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AND DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2014

San Mateo County Transportation Authority Overlapping Debt

The Transportation Authority does not have overlapping debt with other governmental agencies.

San Mateo County Transportation Authority Debt Limitation

Enabling legislation (Measure A as approved by the voters in 1988) specifically authorized the TA to issue limited tax bonds from time to time, not to exceed \$804,000,000. Limited tax bonds are secured by a gross pledge of the TA's 80 percent shares of the one-half cent, Measure A sales tax revenues.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEBT CAPACITY – PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

				Debt Service						
Fiscal Year	Pledged Sales Tax Revenue *		Principal		Interest		Total		Coverage	
2014	\$	62,101	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
2013		59,086		-		-		-	-	
2012		55,581		-		-		-	-	
2011		50,813		-		-		-	-	
2010		46,788		-		-		-	-	
2009		48,018		-		-		-	-	
2008		54,936	8,8	855		407	9	9,262	6	
2007		52,962	8,4	475		789	9	9,264	6	
2006		51,049	8,	115		1,146	9	9,261	6	
2005		47,962	7,	780		1,480	9	9,260	5	

st This amount represents 80 percent of the TA's total sales tax revenue from the County of San Mateo.

Source: CAFRs.

This table presents the relationship between total sales tax revenue, debt service payments and the TA's ability to meet its debt obligations. The bonds were fully paid in 2009 and accordingly, no revenues were pledged.

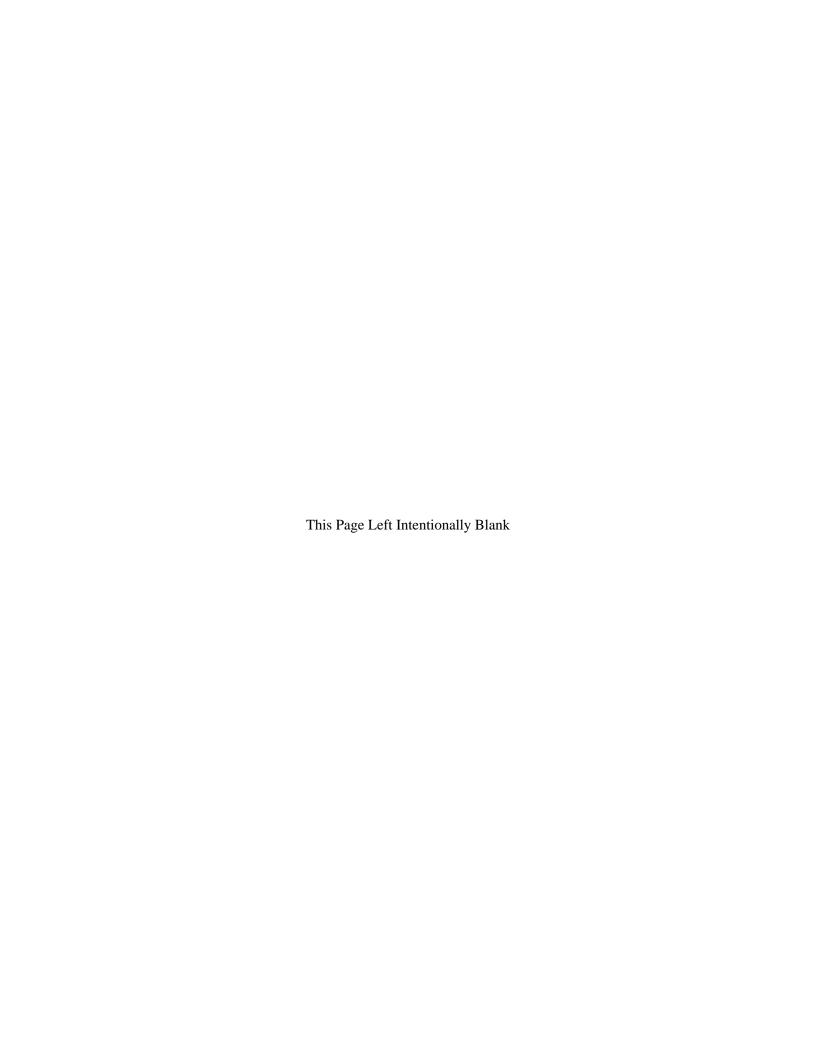
SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION – POPULATION, INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014

			Total Personal					
Year	Population	[1]	Income (in millions)	[1]	Per Capita Personal Income	[1]	Average Unemployment Rates	[1]
2014	745,193	=	\$ 58,497	*	\$ 79,124	*	4.2%	
2013	736,647		56,793	*	76,819	*	5.7%	
2012	727,795		55,139		74,582		7.0%	
2011	722,372		51,931		71,232		8.3%	
2010	718,614		47,787		66,362		8.9%	
2009	713,818		46,631		65,345		8.9%	
2008	707,820		49,148		69,830		4.8%	
2007	701,838		50,186		72,330		4.0%	
2006	699,347		47,440		68,736		3.8%	
2005	700,350		43,264		62,695		4.4%	

^[1] County of San Mateo, California, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014.

This table highlights San Mateo County's total population, total personal income, per capita income, and unemployment rates for the past ten years.

^{*}Personal Income & Per Capita Personal Income data for 2013 and 2014 is based on an estimated three percent annual increase over 2012.



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION – PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FISCAL YEARS 2012 AND 2004

		2012*	:	2006				
Employers in San Mateo County	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County Employment		
United Airlines	9,000	1	2.43%	9,600	1	2.73%		
Genentech Inc.	8,800	2	2.37%	7,845	2	2.23%		
Oracle Corp.	7,000	3	1.89%	5,642	4	1.61%		
County of San mateo	5,836	4	1.57%	5,777	3	1.64%		
Kaiser Permanente	3,927	5	1.06%	3,609	5	1.03%		
Visa USA/Visa International	3,707	6	1.00%					
Dignity Health	2,832	7	0.76%					
Milss-Peninsula Health Services	2,500	8	0.67%	1,800	9	0.51%		
Safeway Inc.	2,250	9	0.61%	2,280	6	0.65%		
Gilead Sciences Inc.	2,147	10	0.58%					
United States Postal Service				2,174	7	0.62%		
Electronic Arts Inc.				2,000	8	0.57%		
Applied Biosystems				1,578	10	0.45%		
Total	47,999		12.94%	42,305		12.04%		

^{*} Principal employer information for years 2014 and 2013 are not available.

This table presents the top 10 principal employers in San Mateo County for 2012 and 2006.

Source: County of San Mateo, California, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING INFORMATION – CAPITAL OUTLAY FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

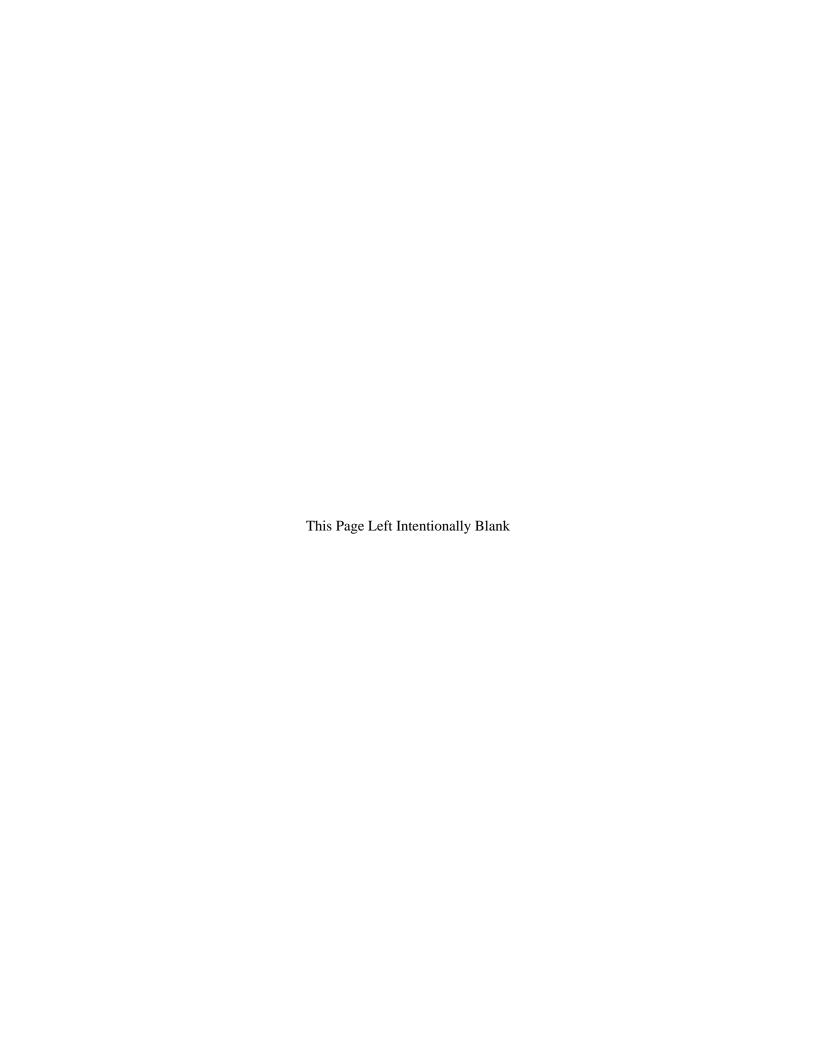
Cumulative Capital Outlay	2014	2013	2012	2011
Dumbarton Spur	\$ 32,894	\$ 32,565	\$ 31,891	\$ 29,847
Caltrain-Downtown Extension	186,663	178,993	174,723	171,149
Paratransit	2	-	-	-
Ferry	8,088	8,087	7,393	2,044
Local Shuttle	3,707	2,269	543	228
Railroad Grade Separations	239,697	212,143	190,722	181,565
Streets and Highways	253,794	245,552	223,100	216,936
Alternative Congestion Relief	456	10	-	-
Admin, Oversight and Bicycle	12,272	11,005	7,197	5,505
Total	\$ 737,573	\$ 690,624	\$ 635,569	\$ 607,274

Source: CAFRs

This table presents the total cumulative capital outlay on public transportation projects for the past 10 years.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING INFORMATION – CAPITAL OUTLAY FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

2010	2009		2008			2007	2006	2005		
\$ 28,830	\$	26,684	\$	\$ 20,881		18,777	\$ 18,190	\$	16,841	
154,880		135,170		125,558		113,077	104,941		95,666	
-		-		-		-	-		-	
377		-		-		-	-		-	
135		-		-		-	-		-	
171,958		157,514		148,396		143,871	142,003		136,987	
210,320		194,663		171,478		140,360	120,900		114,399	
-		-		-		-	-		-	
 4,933		4,324		2,931		2,415	1,947		1,758	
\$ 571,433	\$	518,354	\$	469,244	\$	418,500	\$ 387,981	\$	365,651	



SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING INFORMATION – EMPLOYEES FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014

	FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS								
DIVISION	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010				
CALTRAIN									
MODERNIZATION									
PROGRAM	-	0.02	-	-	-				
CUSTOMER SERVICE AND									
MARKETING	0.17	0.13	0.14	0.20	0.35				
EXECUTIVE	0.60	0.55	0.57	0.55	0.65				
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION	2.29	3.76	4.39	4.00	3.75				
OPERATIONS, ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION	4.35	4.43	4.47	3.66	1.10				
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	3.30	2.63	1.97	2.75	6.80				
PUBLIC AFFAIRS	1.20	1.40	1.10	1.00	0.95				
TOTAL EMPLOYEES	11.91	12.92	12.64	12.16	13.60				

Note: The organization went through a reorganization in FY2010; Caltrain Modernization Program division was added in FY2013 as a replacement for the Peninsula Rail department.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS

DIVISION	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005					
EXECUTIVE	0.80	0.60	0.60	-	-					
ADMINISTRATION	0.80	0.15	0.10	0.19	0.19					
COMMUNICATIONS	0.75	0.90	1.00	1.95	3.27					
DEVELOPMENT	11.14	8.00	8.83	6.12	4.99					
FINANCE	0.90	0.80	1.05	1.03	3.07					
OPERATIONS	0.25	0.15	0.20	0.21	0.19					
TOTAL EMPLOYEES	14.64	10.60	11.78	9.50	11.71					

Source: TA's annual operating and capital budgets.

This table presents total full-time equivalents by division.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING INFORMATION – CAPITAL ASSETS FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

		2014		2013		2012		2011	
Capital Assets:									
Land		\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591
Furniture and equipment			-		-		-		-
	Total	\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591

Source: CAFRs.

This table presents capital assets for the past 10 years.

SAN MATEO COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING INFORMATION – CAPITAL ASSETS FISCAL YEARS 2005 THROUGH 2014 (in thousands)

2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	
\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	18,161	\$	18,161	\$	18,161
	_		_				_		-		_
\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	13,591	\$	18,161	\$	18,161	\$	18,161

